

35 °C **PVC** HEC Ks-**PRO** User manual



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### PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

The instrument has been designed in compliance with directive IEC/EN61010-1 relevant to electronic measuring instruments. Before and while carrying out measurements, observe the following indications and read all notes preceded by the symbol  $\triangle$  with the utmost attention.

- Do not carry out any voltage or current measurement in humid environments
- Do not carry out any measurements in case gas, explosive materials or flammables are present, or in dusty environments
- Avoid any contact with the circuit being measured if no measurements are being carried out.
- Avoid contact with exposed metal parts, with unused measuring probes, etc.
- Do not carry out any measurement in case you find anomalies in the instrument such as deformation, breaks, absence of display on the screen, etc.
- Pay special attention when measuring voltages higher than 25V in special environments and 50V in normal environments, since a risk of electrical shock exists.

In this manual, and on the instrument, the following symbols are used:



Warning: observe the instructions given in this manual; improper use could damage the instrument or its components.



High voltage danger: electrical shock hazard.



Double insulation



DC Voltage or Current



AC Voltage



Connection to earth

### -<del>M`HT</del>°

#### 1. PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS

- The instrument has been designed to be used in the environmental conditions specified in § 10.3. The presence of significantly different environmental conditions can compromise the safety of the instrument and the operator. In any case, before using, wait until the conditions inside the instrument are comparable to the conditions of the environment in which it is operating
- The instrument may be used for measuring VOLTAGE and CURRENT in CAT III 1500V DC, CAT III 1000VAC with maximum voltage 1500VDC and 1000V AC between inputs. Do not use on circuits exceeding the limit values specified in § 10.1
- We recommend following the normal safety rules devised to protect the user against dangerous currents and the instrument against incorrect use.
- Only the accessories provided together with the instrument will guarantee safety standards. They must be in good conditions and replaced with identical models, when necessary.
- Make sure that batteries are correctly installed.
- Before connecting the measuring cables to the circuit being measured, check that the desired function has been selected.

#### 2. DURING USE

Please carefully read the following recommendations and instructions:

### CAUTION

- Failure to comply with the caution notes and/or instructions may damage the instrument and/or its components or be a source of danger for the operator.
- The symbol "■" indicates a full charge level of the internal batteries. When battery charge decreases to a minimum level, the symbol "□" appears on the display. In this case, stop testing and replace the batteries according to the indications given in § 9.2
  - The instrument can keep data stored even without batteries.

#### 3. AFTER USE

When measurements are complete, switch off the instrument by pressing and holding the **ON/OFF** key for some seconds. If the instrument is not to be used for a long time, remove the batteries and follow the instructions given in§ 3.3.

#### 4. DEFINITION OF MEASUREMENT (OVERVOLTAGE) CATEGORY

Standard "IEC/EN61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use, Part 1: General requirements", defines what measurement category, commonly called overvoltage category, is. Al § 6.7.4: Measured circuits, reads:

Circuits are divided into the following measurement categories:

• **Measurement category IV** is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.

Examples are electricity meters and measurements on primary overcurrent protection devices and ripple control units.

• **Measurement category III** is for measurements performed on installations inside buildings.

Examples are measurements on distribution boards, circuit breakers, wiring, including cables, bus-bars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment, for example, stationary motors with permanent connection to fixed installation.

• **Measurement category II** is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low-voltage installation.

Examples are measurements on household appliances, portable tools and similar equipment.

• **Measurement category I** is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS.

Examples are measurements on circuits not derived from MAINS, and specially protected (internal) MAINS-derived circuits. In the latter case, transient stresses are variable; for that reason, the standard requires that the transient withstanding capability of the equipment is made known to the user.

### 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1. FOREWORD

This instrument has been designed to carry out quick tests (IVCK) on photovoltaic (PV) modules/strings in compliance with standard IEC/EN62446.

#### 2.2. INSTRUMENT FUNCTIONS

The instrument has the following features:

#### Continuity test of protective conductors (RPE)

- Test with test current > 200mA in compliance with standards IEC/EN62446, and IEC/ EN61557-4
- Manual calibration of measuring cables.

#### Measurement of insulation resistance on PV modules/strings (M $\Omega$ )

- Test voltages of 250V, 500V, 1000V, 1500VDC in compliance with standards IEC/ EN62446 and IEC/EN61557-2
- 2 available measuring modes
  - > DUAL → Measurement in a sequence of the insulation between the string's positive pole (+) and PE and between the string's negative pole and PE.
  - > TMR  $\rightarrow$  single timed measurement between the string's negative pole and PE.

# GFL (Ground Fault Locator) function to search for positions with a low insulation among the modules of a PV string (see § 6.5).

# Measurement of open-circuit voltage and short circuit current on monofacial or bifacial PV modules/strings in compliance with standard IEC/EN62446 (IVCK)

- Measurement of open-circuit voltage Voc on monofacial and bifacial PV modules/ strings up to 1500VDC.
- Measurement of short-circuit current lsc on monofacial and bifacial PV modules/strings up to 40A.
- Measurement of front and back irradiance through Bluetooth with remote unit SOLAR03 and reference cell HT305
- Display of results in OPC and STC conditions
- Immediate evaluation (OK/NO) of test results

The instrument is also provided with an internal Database capable of storing up to 64 PV modules (**to be uploaded by the user**), with backlit display, internal contrast adjustment and a **HELP** key able to give a valid help to the operator while connecting the instrument to the installation. An AutoPowerOFF function, which can also be deactivated, is available after approx. 5 minutes

### 3. PREPARATION FOR USE

#### 3.1. INITIAL CHECKS

Before shipping, the instrument has been checked from an electric as well as a mechanical point of view. All possible precautions have been taken so that the instrument is delivered undamaged. However, we recommend checking it to detect any damage possibly suffered during transport. In case anomalies are found, immediately contact the dealer. We also recommend checking that the packaging contains all components indicated in § 10.4. In case of discrepancy, please contact the Dealer. In case the instrument should be returned, please follow the instructions given in § 12

#### 3.2. INSTRUMENT POWER SUPPLY

The instrument is powered by 6x1.5V alkaline batteries of type AA LR06 or 6 x 1.2V NiMH rechargeable batteries of type AA. The symbol "**T**" indicates the charge level of the batteries. For battery replacement, please refer to § 9.2.

#### The instrument is capable of keeping data stored even without batteries.

The instrument is provided with advanced algorithms to maximize the batteries life. A short pressing of the  $\frac{1}{2}$  key turns on the display's backlighting. To save battery efficiency, backlighting automatically turns off after approx. 30 seconds. A frequent use of backlighting reduces the batteries life.

#### 3.3. STORAGE

The instrument has been designed to be used in the environmental conditions specified in § 10.3. The presence of significantly different environmental conditions can compromise the safety of the instrument and the operator and/or not guarantee precise measurements. After a long period of storage and/or in extreme environmental conditions, before using, wait until the conditions inside the instrument should be comparable to the conditions of the environment in which it is operating.

#### 4. NOMENCLATURE

#### 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF THE INSTRUMENT

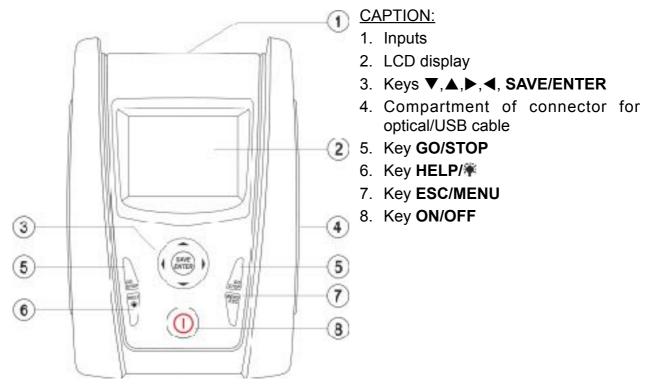


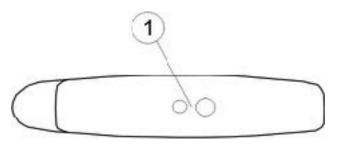
Fig. 1: Description of the front part of the instrument



CAPTION:

- P, N inputs for DC voltage measurement (IVCK) / Insulation (MΩ)
- 2. **E**, **C** inputs for continuity tests (RPE)

Fig. 2: Description of the upper part of the instrument



#### CAPTION:

1. Connector for connecting optically insulated optical/USB output cable

Fig. 3: Description of the instrument's side

#### 4.2. KEYBOARD DESCRIPTION

The keyboard includes the following keys:



ON/OFF key to switch on/off the instrument



ESC key to exit the selected menu without confirming

MENU key to go back to the instrument's general menu at any time



Keys  $\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright \lor \lor$  to move the cursor within the various screens in order to select programming parameters

**SAVE/ENTER** key to save internal parameters and the results of measurements (SAVE) and to select the desired functions from the menu

**GO** key to start measuring **STOP** key to stop measuring



**HELP** key to access the help on line and display, for each selected function, possible connections between the instrument and the system Key **\*** (**long pressing**) to adjust the display's backlight

#### 4.3. INITIAL SCREEN

When switching on the instrument, the initial screen appears for a few seconds. It shows:

- The instrument model (PVCHECKs-PRO)
- The manufacturer's name
- The serial number (SN:) of the instrument
- The hardware (HW) and firmware (FW) version in the instrument's memory
- The date of the last instrument calibration (Calibration date:)

### PVCHECKs-PRO

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SN: 23020002

HW: 1.00 FW: 1.01 Calibration date: 14/02/2023

After a few seconds, the instrument switches to the last function selected.

### 5. GENERAL MENU

Pressing the **ESC** key in any condition of the instrument allows going back to the general menu, in which internal parameters may be set and the desired measuring function may be selected. Use the cursor to select one of the options and confirm with **ENTER** to access the desired function.

MENU DMM : UREM IVCK MΩ GFL RPE DB	:	15/03 – 18:04 Multimeter Remote Unit PVTest sequence Insulation Find Insul.fault Continuity PVMod.Database	MENU SET MEM PC	:	15/03 – 18:04 Settings Data saved Data transfer	Î
		•			•	

#### 5.1. SET – INSTRUMENT SETTINGS

Move the cursor to <b>SET</b> by using the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ and confirm with <b>ENTER</b> . The instrument shows the screen which	
allows access to internal settings. Settings will be maintained also after switching off the instrument.	Language Date and time
	General settings
	Irradiance
	Information
	Operator Name

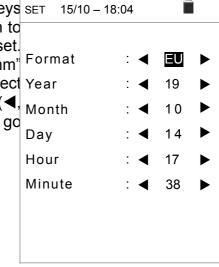
#### 5.1.1. Language

Move the cursor to Language by using the arrow keys  $(\blacktriangle, \bigtriangledown)$  SET 15/10 – 18:04 and confirm with ENTER. The instrument shows the screen which allows setting the system language. Select the desired option by using the arrow keys  $(\blacktriangle, \bigtriangledown)$ . Press the ENTER key to confirm or the ESC key to go back to the previous screen.



#### 5.1.2. Date and time

Move the cursor to Date and time by using the arrow keys
SET 15/10 - 18:04
(▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. Subsequently, the screen to the side appears, so that the system's date/time can be set. Select "Format" to set the European ("DD/MM/YY, hh:mm"
Format :
EU) or American ("MM/DD/YY hh:mm" USA) format. Select Year :
the desired option by using the arrow keys (▲,▼) and (◄, Month :
Day :



#### 5.1.3. General settings

Move the cursor to General settings by using the arrow keys		4	-	ı
$(\blacktriangle, \mathbf{\nabla})$ and confirm with <b>ENTER</b> . The instrument shows the				
screen in which it is possible to enable/disable the auto power off function, key sound, display contrast and WiFi connection	AutoPowerOff	: ◄	OF	►
(see § 8)	Key sound		OF	
Select the desired option by using the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ Press the <b>ENTER</b> key to confirm or the <b>ESC</b> key to go back		: ◄	50	
to the previous screen.	WiFi	: ◀	OF F	

#### 5.1.4. Irradiance

This section allows setting the minimum irradiance threshold for IVCK measurement.

1.	Position the cursor onto " <b>Irradiance</b> " by using the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ and confirm with <b>ENTER</b> .	SET 15/10 – 18:04
2.	The display shows the screen containing item " <b>Min. Irrad</b> . [ <b>W/m2</b> ]", which allows setting the minimum irradiance threshold expressed in W/m <sup>2</sup> , used as a reference for IVCK measurement.	Min.Irrad.[W/m2]
3.	To set the minimum irradiance threshold, use the arrow keys ( $\triangleleft$ , $\blacktriangleright$ ). The value can be set in a range <b>100</b> ÷ <b>1000</b> W/m <sup>2</sup> in steps of <b>10</b> W/m <sup>2</sup>	
4.	Press the <b>SAVE</b> key to save the settings made; the message "Data saved" will be displayed for a few seconds. Press the <b>ESC/MENU</b> key to exit without saving and go back to the previous screen.	

#### 5.1.5. Info

Move the cursor to Info by using the arrow keys (▲, ▼) and confirm with ENTER. The instrument shows the initial screen as indicated in the screen to the side. Press the ESC key to go back to the main menu. SN: 23020002 HW: 1.00 FW: 1.01 Calibration date: 14/02/2023

#### 5.1.6. Operator name

This option allows including the name of the operator who carried out the measurements using the instrument (**max 12 digits**). The chosen name will be included in the reports created by using the management software.

1. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► to move the cursor to the	SAVE 15/10 – 18:04
<ul><li>selected digit and press the SAVE/ENTER key to enter.</li><li>2. Move the cursor to "DEL" and press the SAVE/ENTER</li></ul>	Keyboard
key to delete the selected digit.	OPERATOR_
<ol><li>Move the cursor to "OK" and press the SAVE/ENTER key to confirm the written name and go back to the previous</li></ol>	
screen.	Q W <b>E</b> R T Y U I O P <=> #
	A S D F G H J K L + - * / &
	Z X C V B N M . , ; : ! ? _
	ÄÖÜßμÑÇÁÍÓÚÜ¿i
	ÁÈÉÙÇÄËÏÖÜÆØÅ
	DEL OK
	·

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### 6. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### 6.1. DMM – MULTIMETER FUNCTION

In this function, the instrument shows the RMS (root mean square) and DC (average) values of voltages between the positive (+) and negative (-) pole, between the positive (+) pole and earth connection (PE) and between the negative (-) pole and earth connection (PE), in order to check for the presence of AC components on input voltages.

<ol> <li>Position the cursor onto DMM by using the arrow keys (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the screen to the side.</li> </ol>		- 18:04	-
screen to the side.	VPNrms	0	v
	VPErms	0	v
	VNErms	0	v
	VPNdc	0	v
	VPEdc	0	v
	VNEdc	0	v

2. Connect the instrument to the PV string to be tested as shown in Fig. 4.

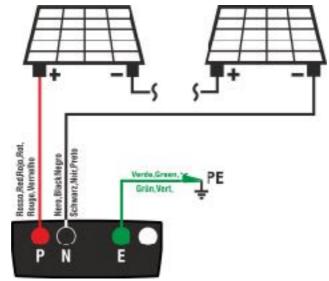


Fig. 4: Instrument connection for DMM Function

3. The voltage values are shown on the display as DMM 15/10 – 18:04

	0,10 10.01	_
VPNrms	1480	V
VPErms	750	V
VNErms	748	V
VPNdc	1420	V
VPEdc	720	V
VNEdc	-726	V



### CAUTION

The results of function DMM cannot be saved in the instrument's memory.

#### 6.2. UREM – REMOTE UNIT

This section manages all operations which can be performed by using the remote unit SOLAR03, which can also be used for IVCK measurements. In particular, it is possible to:

- Through Bluetooth connection, search for a remote unit SOLAR03, which can be managed by the instrument, adding it to the instrument's internal list (max 5 remote units);
- > Select or cancel a remote unit SOLAR03 among those present in the list;
- Pair/unpair a remote unit SOLAR03 to/from the instrument so that it can be automatically recognized upon every connection;
- > Display the information of the selected remote unit.
- Activate/stop recording environmental parameters (temperature/irradiance) on a connected and active remote unit.

In particular, for each managed remote unit SOLAR03, the instrument displays:

- ➤ Serial Number
- > Item "Act"  $\rightarrow$  active (symbol " $\sqrt{}$ ") or inactive (no symbol) remote unit
- > Item "Stat." → active connected (symbol "<sup>(1)</sup>) or active disconnected (symbol " I ") remote unit
- > Item "Rec"  $\rightarrow$  active and connected unit currently recording (symbol " $\mathbf{\omega}$ ")

To associate a **new** remote unit SOLAR03 to the instrument, proceed as follows:

1.	Position the cursor onto UREM by using the arrow keys		15/10 —	18:04	Î
	(▲, ▼) and confirm with ENTER Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► to select item "Find" to start searching for a remote unit SOLAR03. The message "Please wait" is shown on the display.	SOLAR	03 Ac		Rec
		Find	Pair.	Info	Start

## 

The instrument activates the Bluetooth connection and	UREM 15/10 – 18:04					
shows the screen to the side for a few seconds, searching <sub>SO</sub> for a remote unit SOLAR03	OLAR03	Act.	Stat.	Rec		
	OLAR03 Find F			t		

4.	On the remote unit SOLAR03, activate " <b>Pairing</b> " (refer to user manual of remote unit SOLAR03), so that it can be		) – 18:0 Act	04 Stat.	Rec
	recognized by the instrument. Once done, the serial number of the remote unit and the message " <b>Remote unit</b> <b>detected. Pair? (ENTER/ESC)</b> " appear on the display as shown in the screen to the side.	SOLA		23051 detect	
				ER/ESC	

5. Confirm with ENTER on the instrument and on the UREM 15/10	0 – 18:	04	
remote unit SOLAR03 for pairing. From now on, the SOLAR03	Act	Stat.	Rec
instrument and the remote unit are paired and it will not be necessary to repeat these operations. To connect the 23051203	$\checkmark$	<b>(((査)))</b>	
instrument to the remote unit, it will be sufficient to switch them on, bring them near to each other and wait for pairing.			

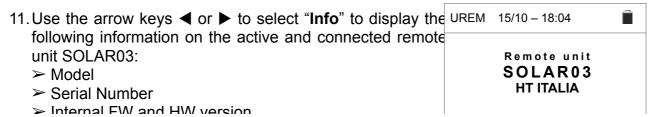
symbol "on" will subsequently appear.

U	.Rem. C	onnect	e d
Find	Unpair	Info	Start

6. To start recording on an active and connected remote UREM 15/10 - 18:04 \_ unit, use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select "Start". The SOLAR03 Act Stat. Rec (((**1**))) 23051203  $\sqrt{}$  $\mathbf{a}\mathbf{o}$ U.Rem. Connected Find UnPair Info Start

In case the instrument has previously been associated to two or more remote units, in order to switch from a remote unit to another:

7. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ▶ and select "UnPair" and		10 – 18:0	04	
confirm with ENTER to unpair the current remote unit. To carry out this operation, it is not necessary that the	SOLAR03	Act	Stat.	Rec
currently associated remote unit is also connected to the		$\checkmark$	<b>(((査)))</b>	
instrument.	23061215		t	
<ol> <li>Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select the new remote unit The new unit must be switched on and be located within the connection range of the instrument.</li> <li>Use the arrow keys ◀ or ▶ and select "Pair" and confirm with ENTER to connect the remote unit to the instrument.</li> <li>The previously unpaired unit can also be deleted from the list using "Del".</li> </ol>				
	U.Re	m. Co	nnecteo	d
	Un	oa -	_	
	Find		nfo	Start



#### **PVCHECKs-PRO**

- Internation and the version  $\succ$  Status of possible ongoing recording
- > Residual memory available for recordings
- > Status of internal battery

S N :	23051203
H W :	1.02
FW:	1.00
Status:	No Rec.
Free mem.:	0g, 2h
Battery:	53%

#### **RPE – CONTINUITY MEASUREMENT ON PV MODULES/STRINGS/FIELDS** 6.3.

The purpose of this measurement is performing a continuity test of the protective and equipotential conductors (e.g.: from rod to earth and connected foreign earth) and earth rods of SPDs on PV installations. The test must be carried out using a test current > 200mA in compliance with standards IEC/EN62446-1 and IEC/EN61557-4.



### CAUTION

We recommend a preliminary check of correct functioning of the instrument before carrying out a measurement by shorting input terminals E and C, checking an almost zero continuity value and an out-of-scale value with terminals E and C open

#### 6.3.1. Calibration of measuring cables

1. Position the cursor onto <b>RPE</b> by using the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ and confirm with <b>ENTER</b> . The display shows the		15/10 —	18:04	
following screen:	R	-		Ω
	lte	st -		mA
	STD	2.00Ω		Ω
	MODE	Lim.		 >q<

2.	Use the arrow keys $\blacktriangleleft$ or $\blacktriangleright$ and select the position "> $\varphi$ <". The display shows the screen to the side.	RPE	15/10 –	18:04	Ĩ
		R	-		Ω
		lte	st -		mA
		STD	2.00Ω		Ω
		MODE	Lim.		> <sub>\$</sub> <

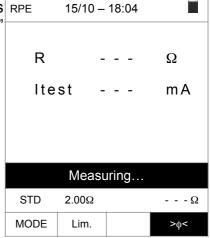
3. Connect the measuring cables to each other as shown in Fig. 5.



Fig. 5: Compensation of the measuring cables resistance

RPE	15/10	_	18	:04	
R		-	_	-	Ω
Ite	st	-	-	-	mA
STD	2.00Ω				Ω
MODE	Lim.				> <sub>\$</sub> <

5. Press the **GO/STOP** key to start calibration. Messages "RPE "**Measuring...**" followed by "**Verification**" and "**Zeroing**" are shown in a sequence on the display.



6. At the end of the compensation procedure, in case the measured resistance value is ≤5Ω, the instrument emits a double tone to signal the positive result of the test and displays the value of the compensated resistance of the cables, which will be subtracted from all the subsequent continuity measurements, at the bottom on the right side of the display.



#### **PVCHECKs-PRO**

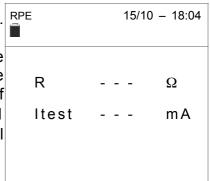
STD	2.00Ω	0.06 Ω
MODE	Lim.	> <sub>\$</sub> <

### 6.3.2. Carrying out continuity measurements in Standard (STD) mode

 Position the cursor onto RPE by using the arrow keys (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the following screen. The symbol "STD" is shown on the display.

3	RPE				15/10	0 – 18:04
)	R		_	_	_	Ω
		est	_	-	-	mA
	STD	<b>2.00</b> Ω	2			Ω
	MODE	Lim.				>ф<

- 2. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the position "Lim.". The display shows the screen to the side.
- Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the limit reference threshold for continuity measurement, which can be selected in a range between 0.01Ω ÷ 9.99Ω in steps of 0.01Ω (please remember that standard IEC/EN62446-1 does not establish a limit value for resistance and typical values are approx. 1Ω or 2Ω).



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#### **PVCHECKs-PRO**

STD	2.00Ω	Ω
MODE	Lim.	> <b></b> \$<

- 4. Carry out the initial calibration of the measuring cables (see § 6.3.1).
- 5. Connect the instrument to the PV module/string being tested and to the main earth node of the system as shown in Fig. 6.

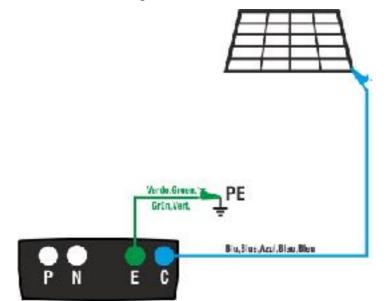


Fig. 6: Connection of instrument for continuity measurement on structures of the PV installation

### CAUTION

Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.3.4) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test.

6. Press the <b>GO/STOP</b> key to start the test. In case no erro conditions occur, the instrument displays the message " <b>Measuring</b> " as shown in the screen to the side.		E		15/10	- 18:04
		R			Ω
		Ite	st		mA
			Meas	suring	
	S	TD	2.00Ω		0.06 Ω
	M	DDE	Lim.		> <sub>\$</sub> <

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- 7. At the end of measurement, the instrument provides the value of resistance of the object being tested. If the result is lower than the set maximum limit value, the instrument shows the message "OK" (value lower or equal to the set limit threshold), otherwise it displays the message "NO OK" (value higher than the set limit threshold) as shown in the screen to the side.
- Press the SAVE key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the ESC/MENU key to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.

RPE		15/10 – 18:04			
R	(	0.23	Ω		
Ite	st 2	210	mA		
	C	ЭК			
STD	2.00Ω		0.06 Ω		
MODE	Lim.		> <b></b> ¢<		

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#### 6.3.3. Carrying out continuity measurements in Timer (TMR) mode

- Position the cursor onto RPE by using the arrow keys (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the following screen.
- Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select the Timer mode. The symbol "TMR" is shown on the display.

RPE				15/10	) – 18:04
R	-	-	-	-	Ω
lte	st ·	-	-	-	mA
Т		-	-	-	s
TMR	2.00Ω			12s	Ω
MODE	Lim.		Ti	me	>ø<

- 3. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the position "Lim.". The display shows the screen to the side.
- 4. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the limit reference threshold for continuity measurement, which can be selected in a range between 0.01Ω ÷ 9.99Ω in steps of 0.01Ω (please remember that standard IEC/EN62446-1 does not establish a limit value for resistance and typical values are approx. 1Ω or 2Ω).

-	RPE			15/10	0 – 18:04
ķ	_				
F	R	-		-	Ω
1	lte	st -		-	mA
1	Т	-		-	S
	TMR	2.00Ω		12s	Ω
	MODE	Lim.	Т	ïme	>φ<

- 5. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the position "**Time**". The display shows the screen to the side.
- Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the duration of continuity measurement (Timer), which can be selected in a range between 3s ÷ 99s in steps of 3s.

n	RPE			15/10	0 – 18:04
f					
Э	R	-		-	Ω
	lte	st -		-	mA
	Т	-		-	s
		0.000		10	
	TMR	2.00Ω		12s	Ω
	MODE	Lim.	Т	ïme	> <b>\$</b> <

- 7. Carry out the initial calibration of the measuring cables (see § 6.3.1).
- 8. Connect the instrument to the PV module/string being tested and to the main earth node of the system as shown in Fig. 6.



CAUTION

Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.3.4) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test.

9. Press the GO/STOP key to start the test. In case no error conditions occur, the instrument starts a series of continuous measurements for the entire duration of the set Timer, emitting a short sound every 3s, and showing alternatively the messages "Measuring..." and "Please wait..." as shown in the screen to the side. In this way, the operator can move from one point to another of the place in which measurement is being carried out.

RPE		15/10 – 18:04			
R	(	).23	Ω		
Ite	st 2	209	mA		
Т		1	S		
Please wait					
STD	2.00Ω	12s	0.06 Ω		
MODE	Lim.	Time	>¢<		

10.At the end of measurement, the instrument provides the maximum value among all those of the partial measurements carried out. If the result is lower than the set maximum limit value, the instrument shows the message "**OK**" (value lower or equal to the set limit threshold), otherwise it displays the message "**NO OK**" (value higher than the set limit threshold) as shown in the screen to the side.

11. Press the **SAVE** key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the **ESC/MENU** key to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.

RPE	15/10 -	- 18:04	Î
R	(	).54	Ω
Itest		209	mA
т	(	)	S
	C	ЭK	
STD	2.00Ω	12s	0.06 Ω
MODE	Lim.	Time	>ф<

### 6.3.4. Anomalous situations

1. To zero the value of compensated resistance, carry out a new compensation procedure with a resistance higher			15/10	- 18:04
than $5\Omega$ as, for example, with open leads. The message "Zero Reset" appears on the display.	R	-		Ω
	lte	st -		mA
		Zero	Reset	
	STD	2.00Ω		Ω
	MODE	Lim.		> <sub>\$</sub> <
2. In case the instrument detects a voltage <b>higher than 3V</b> at its terminals E and C, it does not carry out the test,	Sector Se	1	15/10	- 18:04
gives out a long sound and displays the message "V.Input > 3V".	R	-		Ω
	lte	st -		mA
			ut > 3V	
	STD	2.00Ω		Ω
	MODE	Lim.		> <sub>\$</sub> <
3. In case the instrument detects that the calibrated	RPE	15/10 -	- 18:04	Î
EN - 26				

Ω

mΑ

0.220 Ω

Ω

mΑ

- - - <u>Ω</u>

0.03

212

Zeroing NO OK

15/10 - 18:04

>4.99

49

Zero Reset

2.00Ω

2.00Ω

Lim.

R

STD

MODE

R

STD

Itest

ltest

4. In case the instrument detects a resistance higher than  $5\Omega$  at its terminals, it gives out a long sound, zeroes the compensated value and displays the message "Zero Reset".

5. In case it was detected that the calibrated resistance is higher than the measured resistance (for example because cables different from the provided ones were used), the instrument gives a long acoustic signal and displays a screen similar to the one to the side. Carry out a reset and make a new compensation of the cables.

MODE	Lim.		>ф<
RPE	15/10 -	- 18:04	Ĩ
R	-		Ω
lte	st -		mA
	Rcal >	Rmeas	
STD	2.00Ω		Ω
MODE	Lim.		> <sub>\$</sub> <

#### 6.4. MΩ – MEASUREMENT OF INSULATION ON PV MODULES/STRINGS/FIELDS

The purpose of this function is measuring the insulation resistance of the active conductors of PV modules, strings and fields according to the prescriptions of standards IEC/ EN62446-1 and IEC/EN61557-2, with no need to use an external switch to short-circuit the positive and negative terminals.





- Insulation measurement can be performed on a single module, string or on an installation consisting in more strings connected in parallel.
- Separate the string/installation from the inverter and from possible overvoltage protections.



- If the module/string has a pole connected to earth, this connection must be temporarily interrupted.
- In compliance with standard IEC/EN62446-1, test voltage Vtest must be ≥ rated voltage of the installation.
- Standard IEC/EN61557-2 sets 1MΩ as a minimum value of insulation resistance for installations with a rated voltage higher than 120V.
- We recommend measuring insulation directly on the module/string/field located upstream of possible blocking diodes.

The instrument measures insulation in the following modes:

- DUAL mode → the instrument measures insulation in a sequence between the positive pole (+) and the PE reference and between the negative pole (-) and the PE reference of PV modules, strings or fields, and calculates overall resistance Rp.
- ➤ TMR mode → the instrument measures continuously (with a max duration of 999s) between terminal "N" and the PE reference, displaying the minimum resistance value obtained at the end of the selected time. In this way, the instrument also calculates the DAR (Dielectric Absorption Ratio) and PI (Polarization Index) parameters, if the duration of the test is suitable for these parameters' calculation.

#### 6.4.1. Measuring insulation – DUAL mode

1. Position the cursor onto $\boldsymbol{M}\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ by using the arrow key		15/10 – 1	18:04	
$(\blacktriangle, \mathbf{\nabla})$ and confirm with <b>ENTER</b> . The display shows the		(+)	(-)	
screen to the side. By using the arrow keys (▲,▼) again select the " <b>DUAL</b> " measuring mode, in position "MODE".	Vtest			- V
<b>5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	Riso			м $\Omega$
		Rp -	мС	2
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		0 V	0 V	0 V
	<b>D</b> 1141	450014	4 00140	
	DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

2. Use the arrow keys I or 

and select the positio
"Vtest" to set the test voltage.

3. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select one of the followin test voltages (Vnom): 250, 500, 1000, 1500VDC. Pleas remember that, in compliance with standard IEC/E 62446-1, test voltage Vtest must be ≥ rated voltage of th installation.
Riso

Rp --- MΩ

		DUAL	VPN 0V 1500V Vtest.	V P E 0 V 1.00MΩ Lim.	V N E 0 V
4.	Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the positio	MΩ	15/10	- 18:04	
_	"Lim.". The display shows the screen to the side.		(+)	(-)	
5.	Use the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ to set the <b>minimum</b> lime threshold for insulation measurement, which can be				v
	selected among the values 0.05, 0.10, 0.23, 0.25, 0.50				м $\Omega$
	<b>20, 50M</b> $\Omega$ . Please remember that standard IEC 161557-2 sets 1M $\Omega$ as a minimum value of insulations sistance for installations with a rated voltage higher 120V.		Rp-	мΩ	
			VPN	VPE	VNE
			0 V	0 V	0 V
		DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
		MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

6. Connect the instrument to the PV string to be tested as shown in Fig. 7. The test can be carried out also on more strings connected in parallel to each other. Please remember that it is also necessary to separate possible overvoltage protections connected to the cables of the string(s) and that it is recommended to measure upstream of possible blocking diodes.

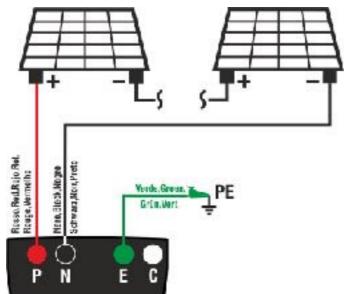


Fig. 7: Instrument connection for insulation measurement in DUAL mode

### CAUTION

Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.4.3) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test



- Do not touch the masses of the modules during the measurement as they could be at dangerous potential even with the system disconnected due to the voltage generated by the instrument
- The measurement could give incorrect results if the earth reference is not correctly connected to input **E**
- We recommend a preliminary check of correct functioning of the instrument before carrying out a measurement by short-circuiting terminals P, N and E, checking an insulation value of almost zero and an out-of-scale value with terminals P, N and E open

7. Press and hold the GO/STOP key for at least 3s		15/10 –	18:04	
order to start the test. In case no error conditions occu		(+)	( ·	- )
the instrument displays the message "Measuring" a shown in the screen to the side. In field "Vtest", the re	Al Vtest			V
test voltage generated by the instrument is shown. Te	c Riso			-мΩ
duration may vary according to the presence of stra				
<u>capacitances</u>		Rp -	N	ıΩ
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		1480V	7 5 0 V	- 7 4 8 V
		Meas	suring	
	DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	
8. The instrument carries out the following measurements	i MΩ	15/10 -	- 18:04	
a sequence: $\sim$ insulation between positive pole (+) of the string or		(+)	( -	)
Insulation between positive pole (+) of the string ar earth connection	Vtest	1510	151	5 V
<ul> <li>Insulation between negative pole (-) of the string ar earth connection</li> </ul>	n Riso	>100	>10(	о мΩ
<ul> <li>Calculation of the value of resistance <b>Rp</b> given by the parallel of measurements (+) and (-)</li> </ul>	10	Rp >	>100 N	ıΩ
If " <b>Rp≥Lim</b> ", the instrument shows the message " <b>OK</b> ", indicate a <b>positive</b> result of measurement.	t	VPN	VPE	VNE
Press the <b>SAVE</b> key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the <b>ESC/MENU</b> key EN - 30		1480V	750V	-730V

#### **PVCHECKs-PRO**

to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.

OK					
DUAL 1500V 1.00MΩ					
MODE	Vtest.	Lim.			

#### 6.4.2. Measuring insulation – TMR mode

 Position the cursor onto MΩ by using the arrow key MΩ
 (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows th screen to the side. By using the arrow keys (▲,▼) again select the "TMR" measuring mode, in position "MODE".

-	MΩ	15/10 –	18:04	
th	Vtest(	-) -		V
aiı	Ri(-)			м $\Omega$
	Time			s
	DA R -	F	21	
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		0 V	0 V	0 V
	TMR	1500V	1.00MΩ	3s
ļ	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	Time

- 2. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the position MΩ "Vtest" to set the test voltage.
- Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select one of the followin test voltages (Vnom): 250, 500, 1000, 1500VDC. Pleas remember that, in compliance with standard IEC/E 62446-1, test voltage Vtest must be ≥ rated voltage of th installation.

9	MΩ	15/10	) – 18:04	
	Vtest(	-) -		V
n s	Ri(-)	-		м $\Omega$
s F h	Time	<b>;</b> -		S
	DA R -	F	21	
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		0 V	0 V	0 V
	TMR	1500V	1 00MQ	3s
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	Time

- 4. Use the arrow keys I or I and select the positic MΩ
   "Lim.". The display shows the screen to the side.
   Vtest( Vtest(
- 5. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the **minimum** lim threshold for insulation measurement, which can b

MΩ	15/10 – 18:04		
Vtest(-	)	V	
Ri(-)		м $\Omega$	
	Vtest(-	Vtest(-)	Vtest(-) V

selected among the values 0.05, 0.10, 0.23, 0.25, 0.50, 1.00, 50M $\Omega$ . Please remember that standard IEC/ EN62446-1 sets 1M $\Omega$  as a minimum value of insulation resistance for installations with a rated voltage higher than 120V.

Time	9 -		S
DA R	· F	וי	
	VPN	VPE	VNE
	0 V	0 V	0 V
TMR	1500V	1.00MΩ	3s
MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	Time

- 6. Use the arrow keys  $\triangleleft$  or  $\blacktriangleright$  and select the positic MQ 15/10 18 "Time". The display shows the screen to the side.
- 7. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the measuring time the range: 3s ÷ 999s

ic	MΩ	15/10 -	- 18:04	
	Vtest(	-) -		V
	Ri(-)			м $\Omega$
	Time	; -		s
	DA R -	F	21	
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		0 V	0 V	0 V
	TMR	1500V	1.00MΩ	3s
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	Time

8. Connect the instrument to the PV string to be tested as shown in Fig. 8. The test can be carried out also on more strings connected in parallel to each other. Please remember that it is also necessary to separate possible overvoltage protections connected to the cables of the string(s) and that it is recommended to measure upstream of possible blocking diodes.

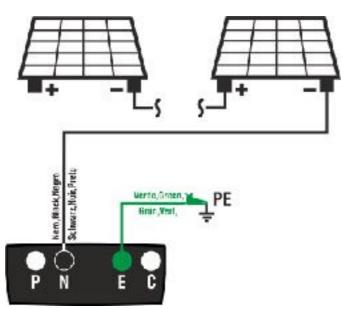


Fig. 8: Instrument connection for insulation measurement in TMR mode

### CAUTION

Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.4.3) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test.

9. Press and hold the GO/STOP key for at least 3s		1	5/10 -	- 18:04	Î	
order to start the test. In case no error conditions occ the instrument displays the message "Measuring"	Vte	st(-)	-		V	
shown in the screen to the side. In field "Vtest (-)", the real test voltage generated by the instrument is shown.		(-)	-		$\Omega^{M}$	
		me	-		s	
	DA R		-	PI		
		V	ΡN	VP	E VNI	
		C	V	0 V	0 V	
		_				
			Measuring			
	TMR	15	00V	1.00MΩ	700s	
	MOD	DE V	/test.	Lim.	Time	
10.If " <b>Ri(-)≥Lim</b> ", the instrument shows the message " <b>OK</b> "	MΩ	1	5/10 -	- 18:04	Ê	

## 

"OK" to indicate the <b>positive</b> result of measurement. If the measuring time is $\geq 60$ s, the instrument shows on the display the value of parameter <b>DAR</b> ((Dielectric Absorption Ratio) (see § 11.2). If the measuring time is $\geq 600$ s, the instrument shows on the display both the value of parameter <b>DAR</b> ((Dielectric Absorption Ratio) and the value of	R	test(-) Ri(-) Time		1540 >100 600			V M Q s				
parameter <b>PI</b> (Polarization Index) (see § 11.1).	R 1.4		4 1	PI	2		02				
Press the <b>SAVE</b> key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the <b>ESC/MENU</b> key to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.	0 V								V P E 0 V		
				٥ŀ	<						
				1500V 1.00		1.00MΩ 70					
	MO	DE	Vtest	t.	Lim.		Time				

#### 6.4.3. Anomalous situations

1. In case the instrument detects one of the followind M $\Omega$ 15/10 - 18:04 conditions: "|VPN| > 1500V", "|VPE| > 1500V" or "|VNE| > (+) (-) 1500V", it stops measuring, gives out a long sound, and V Vtest the message "V > LIM" appears on the display. Check м $\Omega$ the output voltage from the PV string. lns.re м $\Omega$ Rр - - -VPN VPE VNE >1500V 750V -750V

	V >	> LIM	
DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

100

 In DUAL mode, in case the instrument, upon pressing th GO/STOP key, detects a voltage VPN <0V, it stop measuring, gives out a long sound and the messag Reverse P-N" appears on the display. Check polarity an the instrument's connections to the PV string.

h	MΩ	15/10 —	18:04	
p		(+)	( -	)
g n	Vtest			- V
	lns.re			мΩ
		Rp -	M 9	$\Omega$
Ì		VPN	VPE	VNE
	-	1480V	-750V	748V
		D		
ļ		Reve	erse P-N	
	DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

 In DUAL mode, in case the instrument, upon pressing th GO/STOP key, detects a voltage VPN<15V, it stop measuring, gives out a long sound and the messag "VPN<15VDC" appears on the display. Check the output voltage from the PV string, which must be ≥30V.

th	MΩ	15/10 – 18	3:04	Î
op ag		(+)	(-)	
ρι	Vtest			V
	lns.re			м $\Omega$
		Rp	- мΩ	
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		1 0 V	5 V	- 5 V

	VPN ·	< 15VDC	
DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

4. In DUAL mode, in case the instrument, upon pressing the M $\Omega$ 15/10 - 18:04 GO/STOP key, detects that one of the following (+) (-) conditions on measured voltages: V Vtest - - -- - -RMS(VPN) - |(VPN) DC| <10 м $\Omega$ RMS(VPE) - |(VPE) DC| <10 lns.re RMS(VNE) - |(VNE) DC| <10 is not satisfied (presence of AC components on inpu м $\Omega$ Rр voltages), it stops measuring, gives out a long sound and the message "VAC > LIM" is shown on the display Check the output voltages from the PV string. VPN VPE VNE 1480V 750V -730V VAC > LIMDUAL 1500V 1.00MΩ

5. In case the instrument detects that the voltage betweer the positive and the negative pole is higher than the set test voltage, the message "VPN>Vtest" appears on the display and the instrument stops the test because it does not comply with standard IEC/EN62446-1. Check the rated voltage of the installation, change the parameter Vtest, if necessary, and repeat the test.

29	viesi	1520	5 151	•
e	lns.re			м $\Omega$
ЭI		Rp-	M	Ω
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		1480V	750V	-730V
		VPN	>Vtest	
	DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ	
	MODE	Vtest.	Lim.	

MODE

Vtest.

Lim.

6. In case the instrument detects that **Rp<Lim**, the M $\Omega$  15/10 – 18:04

#### message "NOT OK" is shown on the display.

	(+)	(-)			
Vtest	1540	) 152	0 V		
lns.re	0.1	> 1 0 0	мΩ		
	Rp 0	0.1 M	Ω		
	VPN	VPE	VNE		
	1480V	750V	-730V		
NOT OK					
DUAL	1500V	1.00MΩ			
MODE	Vtest.	Lim.			

# **6.5. GFL – SEARCHING FOR CONDITIONS OF LOW INSULATION ON PV STRINGS** In GFL (Ground Fault Locator) function, the instrument can provide an indication about the position of a possible single fault of low insulation located in a string of the installation due, for example, to infiltrations of water or humidity in the junction boxes of PV modules. The

instrument measures input voltages and, according to the unbalance between V(+) and V(-) with respect to earth, it detects the assumed position of the fault on the string.

#### CAUTION

The GFL function allows obtaining correct results **ONLY** with the following conditions:



- Test carried out upstream of possible blocking diodes, on a <u>single</u> <u>string</u> disconnected from the inverter, from possible overvoltage protections and from functional connections to earth.
- > Single fault of low insulation located at any position in the string
- > Insulation resistance of the single fault <0.23M $\Omega$
- Given the random nature of these faults, <u>we recommend</u> carrying out measurements in environmental conditions similar to those in which the fault has been detected.

Position the cursor onto GFL by using the arrow keys GFL (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the screen to the side. The indication "Rp" indicates the parallel of the insulation resistances of the positive (+ and negative (-) poles of the string being tested.

GFL	15/10 – 1	18:04	
Rp	-		мΩ
V P N 0 V		P E V V	V N E 0 V
10	1500V	0.10MΩ	
NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	

15/10 10.04

-

2. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► and select the positio " <b>NMOD</b> to set the number of modules of the string bein tested.		15/10 – 1	18:04	
<ol> <li>Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select a number of module between: 4 ÷ 35</li> </ol>	Rp	-		мΩ
	VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
	0 V	C	V	0 V
	10	1500V	0.10MΩ	
	NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	

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<ol> <li>Use the arrow keys</li></ol>	or GFL	15/10 – 18:04	Î
<ol> <li>Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select one of the following test voltages (Vnom): 250, 500, 1000, 1500VDC.</li> <li>compliance with IEC/EN62446-1, we recommense setting the test voltage of the installation Vtest</li> </ol>	R P		мΩ
Vnom	VPN	VPE	VNE
	0 V	0 V	0 V
	10 NMOD	1500V 0.10MΩ Vtest. Lim.	
	NMOD		
6. Use the arrow keys $\blacktriangleleft$ or $\blacktriangleright$ and select the position	or GFL	15/10 – 18:04	
<ul> <li>"Lim.". The display shows the screen to the side.</li> <li>7. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to set the minimum line threshold for insulation measurement, which can be selected among the following values: 0.05MΩ, 0.1Ms 0.23MΩ</li> </ul>	е кр		мΩ
	VPN	VPE	VNE
	0 V	0 V	0 V
	10	1500V 0.10MΩ	

8. Connect the instrument to the PV string to be tested as shown in Fig. 9. Please remember that it is also necessary to separate possible overvoltage protections connected to the cables of the string, and that it is recommended to measure upstream of possible blocking diodes.

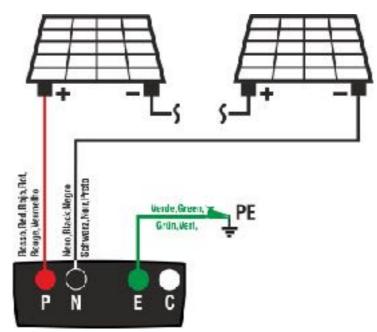


Fig. 9: Instrument connection for insulation measurement in GFL mode

	CAUTION
•	Upon pressing the <b>GO/STOP</b> key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.4.3) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test
•	Do not touch the masses of the modules during the measurement as they could be at dangerous potential even with the system disconnected due to the voltage generated by the instrument
•	The measurement could give incorrect results if the earth reference is not correctly connected to input <b>E</b>
•	We recommend a preliminary check of correct functioning of the instrument before carrying out a measurement by short-circuiting terminals $P$ , $N$ and $E$ , checking an insulation value of almost zero and an out-of-scale value with terminals $P$ , $N$ and $E$ open.

9.	Press and hold the GO/STOP key for at least 3s in		15/10 – 18:04	-
	order to start the test. In case no error conditions occur the instrument displays the message " <b>Measuring</b> " as shown in the screen to the side.			мΩ
		VPN	VPE	VNE
		0 V	0 V	0 V
			Measuring	
		10	1500V 0.10MΩ	

	NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	
10. <u>With no fault conditions (Rp≥Lim)</u> , the instrumen shows the screen to the side and the message " <b>OK</b>		15/10 –	18:04	Ĩ
appears on the display.	Rp	>	100	мΩ
	V P N 1 4 8 0 \		P E 5 0 V	V N E - 7 3 0 V
		(	ЭK	
	14	1500V	0.10MΩ	
	NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	
11. In case a fault is present (Rp <lim) (<="" in="" position="" td=""><td></td><td>15/10 –</td><td>18:04</td><td></td></lim)>		15/10 –	18:04	
(upstream of the first module), the instrument shows the screen to the side and the message "GND: Faul (+)1" on the display. Check the condition of the insulation of the conductor (+) which comes from the string.	Rp	C	).0	мΩ
	VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
	1480\	/ 75	50V	-730V
		GND: F	ault (+)	1
	14	1500V		
	NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	
12. <u>In case a fault is present (Rp<lim) in="" position<="" u=""></lim)></u>		15/10 —	18:04	
<b>NMOD+1 (downstream of the last module)</b> , the instrument shows the screen to the side and the message " <b>GND: Fault NMOD(-)</b> " on the display. Check the condition of the insulation of the conductor (-) which comes from the string.	Rp	C	).0	мΩ
	VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
	1480\	/ 75	50V	-730V
		GND:	14 (-)	
	14	1500V	0.10MΩ	
	NMOD	Vtest.	Lim.	

13.In case a fault is present (Rp <lim) in="" position<="" th=""><th>GFL</th><th>15/10 – 18:04</th><th>-</th></lim)>	GFL	15/10 – 18:04	-
(between module 1 and 2), the instrument shows the screen to the side and the message "GND: Fault 12" of the display. Check the condition of the insulation of the junction boxes of the indicated modules (1 and 2, in the example) and the relevant connection cables.	Rp	0.0	мΩ
	VPN	VPE	VNE
	1480V	750V	-730V
		GND: Fault 1	2
	14	1500V 0.10MΩ	
	NMOD	Vtest. Lim.	
14. In case a fault is present (Rp <lim) in="" nmo<="" position="" td=""><td>1</td><td>15/10 – 18:04</td><td></td></lim)>	1	15/10 – 18:04	
(between the second last and the last module), the instrument shows the screen to the side and the message "GND: Fault NMOD-1NMOD" on the display. Check the condition of the insulation of the junction boxes of the indicated modules and the relevant connection	Rp	0.0	мΩ
cables.	VPN	VPE	VNE
	1480V	750V	-730V
		GND: Fault 13	14
	14	1500V 0.10MΩ	
	NMOD	Vtest. Lim.	
15.In case a fault is present <b>(Rp<lim) b="" string<="" the="" within="">, the instrument shows the screen to the side and the</lim)></b>		15/10 – 18:04	Î
"GND: Fault 89" on the display. Check the condition of the junction boxes of the indicated modules and the relevant connection cables.	Rp	0.0	мΩ
	VPN	VPE	VNE
	1480V		-730V
			0
	14	GND: Fault 8	
	14	1500V 0.10MΩ	

 NMOD
 Vtest.
 Lim.



# CAUTION

# The results of function GFL cannot be saved in the instrument's

#### 6.6. DB – MODULE DATABASE MANAGEMENT

The instrument allows managing **up to a maximum of 64 PV modules**, further to a DEFAULT module (not editable and not erasable) which can be used as reference case when no information about the type of module being tested is available.

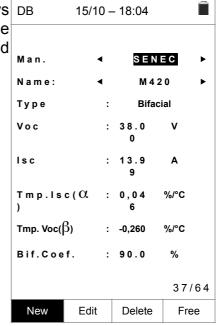
The parameters, **referred to 1 module**, which can be set in the definition are reported in the following Table 1 together with the measuring ranges, resolution and validity conditions:

ltem	Description	Range	Resolution	Notes
Prod	Manufacturer's name of module	Max 15 digits		Only CAPITAL
Name	Module name	Max 15 digits		Only CAPITAL
Туре	Type of module	Monofacial Bifacial		
Voc	Open-circuit voltage	15.00 ÷ 199.99V	0.01V	Voc ≥ Vmpp
lsc	Short-circuit current	0.50 ÷ 40.00A	0.01A	lsc ≥ Impp
Vmpp	Voltage on maximum power point	15.00 ÷ 199.99V	0.01V	Voc ≥ Vmpp
Impp	Current on maximum power point	0.50 ÷ 40.00A	0.01A	lsc ≥ Impp
Tmp.lsc (α)	Isc temperature coefficient	-0.100÷0.100 %/ °C	0.001%/°C	100*α/ lsc ≤ 0.1
Tmp.lsc (β)	Voc temperature coefficient	-0.999÷-0.001 %/ °C	0.001%/°C	100*β/Voc ≤ 0.999
Coef. Bif.	Coefficient of bifaciality (Bifacial modules only)	0.0 ÷ 100.0%	0.1%	

Table 1: Parameters associated to a PV module

#### 6.6.1. How to define a new PV module

Position the cursor onto DB by using the arrow keys DB (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the screen which contains the type of module selected and the values of the parameters associated to the module



Use the arrow keys (◀, ►) to select the manufacturer of the module (field "Man.) and the name of the module (field "Name"). Choose by scrolling down the lists of those previously defined and saved.

DB	15/10 -	10.01	-		
DB 15/10 – 18:04					
Prod.	•	SEN	EC 🕨		
Name:	٩	M 4 2	20 ►		
Туре	:	Bifac	ial		
Voc	:	38.0 0	v		
lsc	:	13.9 9	Α		
Tmp.lsc )	(α :	0,04 6	%/°C		
Tmp.Voc( $\beta$ )	:	-0,260	%/°C		
Bif.Coef.	:	90.0	%		
			37/64		
			57/04		
New	Edit	Delete	Free		

4. Press " <b>New</b> " (which allows defining a new module) and	
confirm with ENTER. Use the arrow keys of the virtual keyboard to define a name for the module's	Manulaclurer Name
manufacturer. Confirm with "OK"	SUNPOWER_
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 ( ) %
	Q W 🖪 R T Y U I O P <=> #
	ASDFGHJKL+-*/&

-

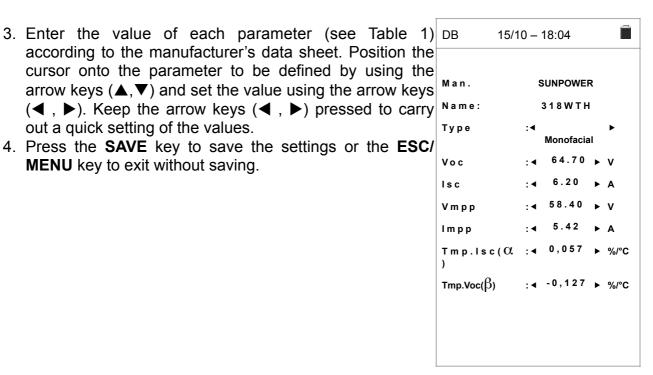
Z X C V B N M . , ; : ! ? \_ ÄÖÜßµÑÇÁÍÓÚÜ¿i ÁÈÉÙÇÄËÏÖÜÆØÅ DEL OK NEW

5.	Use	the	arrow	keys	of t	the	virtual	keyboard	to	define	а	SAV
	nam	e for	the m	odule.	Co	nfirr	י with י	"OK""				

out a quick setting of the values.

**MENU** key to exit without saving.

a	SAVE 15/10 – 18:04
	Module name
	318WTH_
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 ( ) %
	Q W E R T Y U I O P <=> #
	A S D F G H J K L + - * / &
	Z X C V B N M . , ; : ! ? _
	Ä Ö Ü ß μ Ñ Ç Á Í Ó Ú Ü ¿ i
	ÁÈÉÙÇÄËÏÖÜÆØÅ
	DEL <mark>OK</mark> NEW



## CAUTION



- If the value of any parameter is unknown, press and hold the **HELP** key for a few seconds to set the default value.
- Upon pressing the SAVE key, the instrument checks the conditions indicated in Table 1 and, if one or more of these conditions are not fulfilled, one of the error messages listed in § 6.8 is shown on the display. The instrument does not save the configuration set before any error is solved.

# 6.6.2. How to modify an existing PV module

# **WHT**°

- 1. Select the PV module to be modified from the database DB 1 by means of the arrow keys (◀, ►).
- 2. Press the **ENTER** key and select the "**Edit**" command using the arrow key (**▼**).
- 3. Confirm selection with ENTER.
- By using the internal virtual keyboard, it is possible to define again the name of the module or leave it unchanged by means of the arrow keys ▲, ▼, ◀, ►). Press ENTER to digit any character of the desired name.
- 5. Press the **SAVE** key to save the name of the new module thus defined or to access the new parameter setting.

DB 15/10 – 18:04				
Man.	•	SEN	EC >	
Name:	•	M 4 2	20 ►	
Туре	:	Bifac	ial	
Voc	:	38.0 0	v	
lsc	:	13.9 9	Α	
Tmp.lsc )	(α :	0,04 6	%/°C	
Tmp.Voc( $\beta$ )	:	-0,260	%/°C	
Bif.Coef.	. :	90.0	%	
			37/64	
New	Edit	Delete	Free	

#### 6.6.3. How to delete an existing PV module

- 1. Select the PV module from the database by means of the DB arrow keys (◀, ►).
- 2. Press the **ENTER** key and select the "**Delete**" command by means of the arrow key (**▼**) to delete the selected module.
- 3. Confirm the selection with **ENTER** or press **ESC/MENU** to exit.
- 4. The position **"Free**" indicates the residual number of modules which can still be entered into the database with reference to maximum allowed number (**64 modules**)

e	DB	15/10 -	- 18:04	_
d d	Prod. Name:	•	SEN M4	
J	Туре	:	Bifa	cial
of	Voc	:	38.0 0	v
h	lsc	:	13.9 9	A
	Tmp.ls )	c(α :	0,04 6	%/°C
	Tmp.Voc(	3) :	-0,260	%/°C
	Bif.Coe	f. :	90.0	%
				37/64
	New	Edit	Delete	Free



# CAUTION

It is not possible to modify nor delete the "DEFAULT" PV module which is a factory setting.

#### 6.7. IVCK - TEST ON PV MODULES AND STRINGS

#### 6.7.1. Foreword

This function carries out a series of tests on a PV module/string, measuring in a sequence:

- Open-circuit voltage Voc of the PV string/module being tested, measured in OPC condition (OPerative Condition), i.e. in the real conditions in which the installation is, with or without irradiance and temperature measurement.
- Open-circuit voltage lsc of the PV string/module being tested, in compliance with standard IEC/EN62446, measured in OPC condition (OPerative Condition), i.e. in the real conditions in which the installation is, with or without irradiance and temperature measurement.
- > Insulation resistance in DUAL mode, with measurement of values R(+), R(-) and Rp.
- Continuity of protective conductors with 200mA

When measuring Voc and Isc **WITHOUT measuring irradiance and temperature**, the instrument only displays OPC values, compares them to **average values** (rolling average of the last 10 measurements) and displays the result for a comparison with average values.

When measuring Voc and Isc **ALSO measuring irradiance and temperature**, the instrument automatically "converts" the data in OPC conditions to **STC** conditions (Standard Test Condition – Irradiance =  $1000W/m^2$ , Module temperature =  $25^{\circ}$ C, spectrum distribution AM=1.5) for a comparison to the characteristics declared by the module's manufacturer. In these conditions, the use of the remote unit SOLAR03, to which irradiance and temperature test leads are connected, becomes necessary.

Irradiance and temperature measurements of modules are carried out through one or more reference cells **HT305** (in case of Bifacial modules) and with temperature probe **PT305**, connected to the remote unit **SOLAR03**, which communicates data in real time to the instrument via Bluetooth connection. In case the connection between instrument and remote unit becomes difficult (too high distance or transmission through walls/obstacles), it is possible to carry out measurements converted to STC conditions by recording the irradiance/temperature values from unit SOLAR03.

The recommended minimum irradiance threshold is **700W/m**<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  the instrument carries out all tests included in I-V test, manages all conditions and error messages of I-V test (wrong numb. of mod., temp. out of range, cell presence, min. irr., etc.) and calculates the STC values of Voc and Isc. This mode is recommended whenever accurate tests are to be carried out on modules/strings being examined.

In general, the result page will include:

- Description of the module used
- Irradiance and temperature values (if available)
- Average values of Voc and Isc calculated as average of the corresponding values under OPC on the last 10 tests saved in the memory. If the number of tests is < 10, the average is calculated on the number of available tests. The first test will display dashes in the field "average values" as there are no previous tests on which to calculate an average.
- The values of Voc and Isc measured under OPC as well as any partial result (only available if STC values are not available) obtained by comparison with average values.
- The values of Voc and Isc calculated under STC (if available) and any partial result obtained by comparing the values calculated under STC with the nominal ones (inserted in DB modules

# -<del>Ŵ</del>HT°

- The overall test outcome (OK(NO). The overall test outcome will be calculated basing on the partial outcomes in STC (if available) or basing on the partial outcomes in OPC (if STC values are not available).
- The instrument will not display any overall outcome if no partial outcome is available.

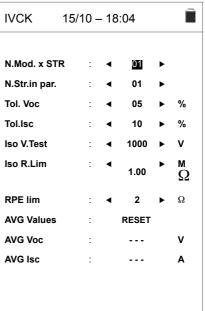
## 6.7.2. Carrying out IVCK Tests without remote unit

CAUTION

• Check that no remote unit SOLAR03 is currently activated. Otherwise, select "**Unpair**" to unpair the current active remote unit (see § 6.2).



- The maximum voltage between inputs P, N, E and C is 1500VDC. Do not measure voltages exceeding the limits given in this manual.
- Do not perform test on PV modules/strings connected to DC/AC converter
- Standard IEC/EN62446 requires that measurements are performed string by string. Even if the instrument is designed to manage inrush current for single strings or strings connected in parallel, we recommend testing one string at a time according to the standard's prescriptions.
- 1. Position the cursor onto IVCK by using the arrow key livek 15/10 - 18:04  $(\blacktriangle, \mathbf{\nabla})$  and confirm with **ENTER**. The display shows the screen to the side: The message "Remote U. not active indicates that no remote unit SOLAR03 is connected to the instrument (see § 6.2). The following parameters are Remote U. not active shown: > VTest  $\rightarrow$  test voltage for insulation measurement VPN VPE VNE > **ISO**  $\rightarrow$  minimum limit for insulation measurement 0 V 0 V 0 V > RPE  $\rightarrow$  maximum limit for continuity test  $> > \phi < \rightarrow$  calibration resistance of cables for RPE test ➤ Values of voltages VPN, VPE and VNE 1000V 1.00MΩ 2Ω
- Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to access the setting of IVCK measurement parameters. The screen on the side appears on the display. Use the arrow keys (◄, ►) to set the values. The following options are available:
  - ➤ N. Mod x STR → set the number of modules of the string in range: 1 ÷ 35
  - > N. Str in par.  $\rightarrow$  Set the number of strings connected in parallel in range: 1 ÷ 10
  - ➤ Tol. Voc → set percentage tolerance for Voc measurement in range: 1% ÷ 15% (typical 5%)
  - ➤ Tol. Isc → set percentage tolerance for Isc measurement in range: 1% ÷ 15% (typical 10%)
  - ➢ Iso V. Test → set test voltage for insulation measurement among the options: OFF (measurement excluded), 250V, 500V, 1000V, 1500VDC



VTest

ISO

RPE

>@<



- ISO K.LIM → set the minimum reference threshold for insulation measurement among the values: 0.05,0.10,0.23,0.25,0.50,1.00,50MΩ
- ➤ RPE Lim → set the maximum limit for continuity test among the values: OFF (measurement excluded), 1,2,3,4,5Ω
- ➤ AVG values → the function "RESET" allows zeroing the average values of Voc and Isc parameters before starting a new measurement.
- ➤ AVG Voc, AVG Isc → average Voc and Isc values in the 10 previously saved tests.
- 3. Press the **SAVE** key to save settings.
- 4. If necessary, select option "> $\phi$ <" and confirm with **ENTER**. Carry out this operation as indicated in § 6.3.1.
- 5. Connect the instrument to the PV module/string being tested and to the main earth node of the system, and to the metal masses connected to earth as shown in Fig. 10. In particular, connect the negative output pole of the PV module/string to terminal N and the positive output pole of the PV module/string to terminal P.

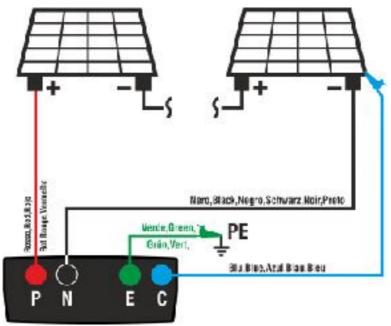


Fig. 10: Connection for IVCK tests without remote unit



Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.8) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test.

WARNING

# -<del>M`HT</del>°

6. Press the GO/STOP key to start the test. In case no error conditions occur, the instrument displays the message "Measuring…" and the measure of open-circuit voltage between terminals P and N and of short-circuit current (for lsc values ≤40A).

or	IVCK	15/10	) – 18:04		-
e e					
nt	Voc@OPC		1485	V	
	lsc@OPC		11.25	А	
	Avg Voc		1485	V	
	Avg Isc		11.25	А	
	Rp		>100	MΩ	
	R+	>10 0	R- >100	MΩ	
	RPE			Ω	
		Mea	asuring		
	1500V	1.00	MΩ	2Ω ·	
	VTest	ISO	RPE	>ф<	:

- 7. When Voc and Isc measurements are complete, the message "OK" is shown in case the result of the test is positive (measured values within the tolerance values set on the instrument).
- 8. With insulation measurement selected, the instrument goes on with the test, keeping terminals P and N short-circuited, and carrying out the test between this point and terminal E for the time necessary to obtain a steady value. The value of insulation resistance is shown in field "Rp" (parallel resistance between values R+ and R-) and the message "OK" appears in case the result of the test is positive (measured value higher than the minimum limit value set on the instrument).
- 9. With continuity measurement selected, the instrument goes on by opening the short-circuit and carrying out the test between terminals E and C. The value of resistance in the continuity test is shown in field "RPE" and the message "OK" appears in case the result of the test is positive (measured value lower than the maximum

/CK	15/10	- 18:04		
oc@OPC		1485	V	ОК
c@OPC		11.25	А	ОК
vg Voc		1485	V	ОК
/g lsc		11.25	Α	ОК
p		>100	MΩ	ОК
+	>10 0	R- >100	MΩ	
PE		1.1	Ω	ОК
	Res	sult: OK		
500V	1.00Mg	Ω 2Ω		0.2 Ω
VTest	ISO	RPE		> <sub>\$</sub> <
	DC@OPC C@OPC /g Voc /g Isc p + PE 500V	DC@OPC c@OPC /g Voc /g Isc p + >10 0 PE Res 500V 1.00Ms	DC@OPC 1485 C@OPC 11.25 vg Voc 1485 vg Isc 11.25 p >100 + >10 R- >100 0 PE 1.1 Result: OK 500V 1.00MΩ 2Ω	DC@OPC 1485 V C@OPC 11.25 A vg Voc 1485 V vg Isc 11.25 A p >100 MΩ + >10 R- >100 MΩ 0 PE 1.1 Ω Result: OK

#### limit value set on the instrument).

10. The message "**Result OK**" is finally shown by the instrument in case the result of all performed tests is positive.

In general, the result of a test on a Voc and Isc measurement is determined by the following relationships:

Please note the following parameters:

 $Voc^{Avg}$  = average of open voltage calculated over last 10 measurements saved  $Isc^{Avg}$  = average of short-circuit current calculated over last 10 measurements saved  $VocTol^+$  = positive tolerance value on  $Voc = VocTol_{Sk} \times Voc^{Avg}$  VocTol = negative tolerance value on  $Voc = VocTol_{Sk} \times Voc^{Avg}$   $IscTol^+$  = positive tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{Sk} \times Isc^{Avg}$  IscTol = negative tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{Sk} \times Isc^{Avg}$ IscTol = negative tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{Sk} \times Isc^{Avg}$ 

 $\varepsilon_{rec}^{Meter}$  = maximum instrument error declared on Voc (see § 0)  $\varepsilon_{rec}^{Meter}$  = maximum instrument error declared on Isc (see § 0)

 $\varepsilon_{Poc}^{Meas} - Voc^{OPC}$   $Voc^{Avg}$  = error on Voc measurement @ OPC  $\varepsilon_{Isc}^{Meas} - Isc^{OPC}$   $Isc^{Avg}$  = error on Isc measurement @ OPC

The following conditions on parameters on the measurement result are managed by the instrument:

N	CONDITION	RESULT
1	$\begin{array}{l} Voc \ Tol    \ c_{Poc}^{Memor} \leq c_{Poc}^{Memor} \leq Voc \ Tol^+  c_{Poc}^{Memor} \\ isc \ Tol  c_{Isc}^{Memor} \leq c_{Isc}^{Memor} \leq Isc \ Tol^+  c_{Isc}^{Memor} \\ (\text{If ISO measurement selected}) \ \textbf{Rp} \geq \textbf{Rp Lim} \\ (\text{If RPE measurement selected}) \ \textbf{RPEmis} \leq \textbf{RPELim} \end{array}$	ок
2	Previous condition (1) is not verified, but the following one is valid: $-Voc Tol \leq c_{Foc}^{Moca} \leq Voc Tol^+$ $Isc Tol^- \leq c_{Foc}^{Moca} \leq Isc Tol^+$ (If ISO measurement selected) Rp $\geq$ Rp Lim (If RPE measurement selected) RPEmis $\leq$ RPELim	OK*

3	Previous conditions (1) and (2) are not verified, but the following one is valid: Voc Tol $\varepsilon_{Voc}^{\text{Menor}} \leq \varepsilon_{Voc}^{\text{Menor}} \leq Voc Tol^+   \varepsilon_{Voc}^{\text{Menor}}$ isc Tol $\varepsilon_{Isc}^{\text{Menor}} \leq \varepsilon_{Isc}^{\text{Menor}} \leq Isc Tol^+   \varepsilon_{Isc}^{\text{Menor}}$ (If ISO measurement selected) $\text{Rp} \geq \text{Rp Lim}$ (If RPE measurement selected) RPEmis $\leq \text{RPELim}$	NO OK*
4	Previous conditions (1), (2) and (3) are not verified	ΝΟΟΚ

11. Press the **SAVE** key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the **ESC/MENU** key to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.

## CAUTION

- The average values of Voc and Isc are displayed in the results page. These values include the average values of Voc and Isc under OPC conditions calculated as a rolling average of the last 10 tests previously saved. If the user has carried out and saved a number of tests <10 or reset the average values, the average value displayed during test N+1 will be calculated on the available N values.
- When using the instrument like this, the average values previously calculated are particularly important. In case a new measurement campaign is started with significant variations in irradiance or temperature, it is advisable to set the average reference values ("RESET") to zero to make new calculations based on new measurements. Average values are anyway zeroed in case the user changes the number of modules and/or strings.

#### 6.7.3. Carrying out IVCK Tests with remote unit

Irradiance and temperature measurements (if the instrument is set in temperature measuring mode "MEAS") with the aid of a remote unit SOLAR03 connected via **Bluetooth to the instrument** are recommended in case of unstable irradiance conditions or if a comparison is necessary with the module's rated values declared by the manufacturer.

## CAUTION

- Check that no remote unit is currently activated. In case it is not, please carry out the connecting procedure described in § 6.2.
- The maximum voltage between inputs P, N, E and C is 1500VDC. Do not measure voltages exceeding the limits given in this manual.
- Do not perform tests on PV modules or strings connected to the DC/AC converter.
- The maximum temperature which can be tolerated by the instrument is 40°C
- Standard IEC/EN62446 requires that measurements are performed string by string. Even if the instrument is designed to manage inrush current for single strings or strings connected in parallel, we **recommend** testing **one string at a time** according to the standard's prescriptions.

The instrument can operate combined with remote unit SOLAR03 in one of the following modes:

- ➤ Presence of remote unit SOLAR03 active and connected → the instrument directly provides the results of measurements @STC
- Presence of remote unit SOLAR03 active, connected and recording: the instrument directly provides the results of measurements @STC

Modes 1 and 2 are basically the same in case the instrument and the remote unit SOLAR03 are directly connected.

➤ Presence of remote unit SOLAR03 active, recording, NOT connected → the instrument provides the results of measurements @OPC with no outcome, then automatically and simultaneously converts them to @STC only after data have been transferred from the remote unit at the end of recording and upon the next connection.



# -White Barrier

#### SOLAR03 active and connected or active and recording

- 1. Connect the instrument to the PV module/string being tested and to the main earth node of the system, and to the metal masses connected to earth as shown in Fig. 11. In detail:
  - Connect the negative output pole of the PV module/string to terminal N and the positive output pole of the PV module/string to terminal P.
  - ➤ In case of Monofacial modules → position the reference cell HT305 onto the front surface of module (F) and at input "INP1" and possibly temperature probe PT305 at input "INP4" of the remote unit.
  - In case of Bifacial modules → position the 3 reference cells HT305 onto the front surface of module (F), onto the back top part (BH=BackHigh) and onto the back bottom part (BL=BackLow) of the module. Connect the front reference cell (F) to input "INP1", BH reference cell to input "INP2", BL reference cell to input "INP3" and possibly the temperature probe PT305 to input "INP4" of the remote unit.
  - $\succ$  Check reading of irradiance and temperature values on the remote unit SOLAR03.
- 2. If necessary, select option "> $\phi$ <" and confirm with **ENTER**. Carry out a possible calibration of cables as described in § 6.3.1.

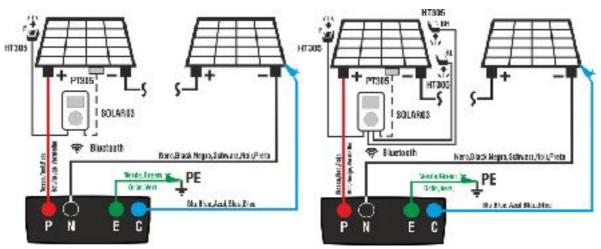


Fig. 11: Connection with remote unit SOLAR03 on Monofacial and Bifacial modules

3. Position the cursor onto IVCK by using the arrow		15/10 – 18:04	
keys (▲,▼) and confirm with ENTER. The display shows the screen to the side: The following	Front		
parameters are shown:	Irr. 920		W/m2
► Irr. → Irradiance values measured by cell HT305 connected to the remote unit	Temp 54.7		°C
➤ Temp. → Temperature value of module			
$>$ <b>Remote unit</b> $\rightarrow$ indications on the serial number,			
connection status "🕪" and possible ongoing	SOLAR03	23051203	( <b>1</b> )) <b>60</b>
recording " <b>co</b> " of the remote unit SOLAR03 connected and active.	Modu	Ile: SUNPOWER3	318WTH
$>$ <b>ISO</b> $\rightarrow$ minimum limit for insulation measurement			
> <b>RPE</b> → maximum limit for continuity test > > $\phi$ < → value of calibration resistance of cables for	VPN	VPE	VNE

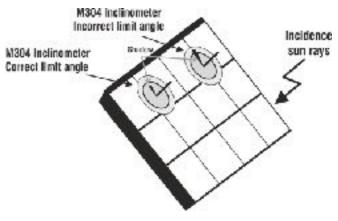
continuity test ➤ Values of voltages VPN, VPE and VNE

1480V		74(	V	- 7 4 0 V		
			-			
1000V	1.00MΩ	2	Ω	0.25Ω		
VTest	ISO		RPE	>¢<		

4.	Use the arrow keys $(\blacktriangle, \nabla)$ to access the setting	IVCK	15/10 -	- 18	3:04		-	
	<ul> <li>measurement parameters. The screen on the appears on the display. Use the arrow keys (◀, ►) to the values. The following options are available:</li> <li>Man. → Set the manufacturer's name of the mo (max 50) found in the internal DB</li> </ul>	Man.	•		JNPO 318W		•	
	> Name $\rightarrow$ Set the name of the module (max 50) for	N.Mod. x STF	ર	:	•	01	►	
	in the internal DB. If, when entered in the database modules has been defined as " <b>Bifacial</b> ", the instrur	N Strin par		:	٩	02	►	
	and the remote unit will automatically read 3 irradia values.	Mod. Temp		:	•	MAN	Þ	
	> N. Mod x STR $\rightarrow$ set the number of modules of				4	55	►	°C
	string in range: <b>1 ÷ 35</b>	Tol. Voc		:	•	05	►	%
	N. Str in par. → Set the number of strings connected parallel in range: 1 ÷ 10	Tol.Isc		:	•	10	►	%
	$\succ$ Mod. Temp $\rightarrow$ set the measuring mode of mo	lso V.Test		:	∢	1000	►	v
	<ul> <li>temperature by choosing among the options:</li> <li>AUTO → temperature calculated by the instrument of the measured View (no probe compared)</li> </ul>			:	٩	1.00	►	Δ
	based on the measured Voc (no probe connecte recommended option	RPE lim		:	•	2	۲	Ω
	<ul> <li>MEAS → temperature measured via probe P1 connected to remote unit</li> <li>MAN → manual setting of module temperatu known in the subsequent range</li> </ul>							

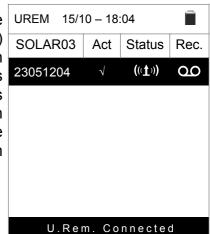
## -**MHT**°

- ➤ Tol. Voc → set percentage tolerance for Voc measurement in range: 1% ÷ 15% (typical 5%)
- ➤ Tol. Isc → set percentage tolerance for Isc measurement in range: 1% ÷ 15% (typical 10%)
- ➢ Iso V. Test → set test voltage for insulation measurement among the options: OFF (measurement excluded), 250V, 500V, 1000V, 1500VDC
- ➤ Iso R.Lim → set the minimum reference threshold for insulation measurement among the values: 0.05,0.10,0.23,0.25,0.50,1.00,50MΩ
- > RPE Lim → set the maximum limit for continuity test among the values: OFF (measurement excluded), 1,2,3,4,5Ω
- 5. Press the **SAVE** key to save settings and go back to the previous screen.
- 6. Assemble the stem onto the disk of toptional accessory M304 and keep resting on the module's surface. Che that the shadow of the stem on todisk falls within the internal "line concentric circle" of the disk its (see picture). Otherwise, the angle between the sun strays and tomodule's surface is too big ar therefore, the measurements carried by the instrument are NOT to trusted. Repeat the operations other times of the day.



In case it is necessary to record of irradiance values over time (e.g. in unstable irradiance conditions or in case the distance between the modules and the instrument is high), follow the steps from 7 to 9, or jump to step 10.

- 7. Select option **UREM** from the main menu, pair and connect the remote unit SOLAR03 to the instrument as shown in step 6 of § 6.2
- 8. Use the arrow keys < or ▶ to select "Start" to start the instrument's recording (with non-modifiable 1s scan) with the remote unit. The screen on the side appears on the display. In this condition, the instrument sends its system date / time to the remote unit SOLAR03, which is thus synchronized with it. The symbol "on" appears on the display and the message "REC" appears on the remote unit's display to indicate that recording is in progress.</li>



Find Unpair Delete Start

9. Bring the remote unit near the modules and connect the irradiance/temperature probes as shown in Fig. 11. Since recording has already been activated on remote unit SOLAR03, it is not strictly necessary to maintain the Bluetooth connection anymore. Maintaining the connection will only allow to immediately obtain the outcome of the test without waiting for the measuring campaign to be completed.



CAUTION

Upon pressing the **GO/STOP** key, different error messages can be displayed by the instrument (§ 6.8) and, therefore, the test cannot be started. Check and eliminate, if possible, the problem causing the error message before going on with the test.

10. Press the **GO/STOP** key to start the test. In case no erro conditions occur, the instrument displays the message "**Measuring...**" and the measure of open-circuit voltage between terminals P and N and of short-circuit current (for lsc values ≤40A).

o	IVCK		15/10 – 18:04						
J€ J€									
,` 0	Voc@STC		1485	V					
	lsc@STC		11.25	А					
	Voc Nom		1485	V					
	Isc Nom		11.25	А					
	Rp		>100	MΩ					
	R+	>10 F 0	R- >100	MΩ					
	RPE			Ω					
	Measuring								
	1500V	1.00M	Ω	2Ω	0.25Ω				
	VTest	ISO	RPI	Ξ	> <b></b> \$<				

11. In case of direct connection between the instrument and the remote unit, when Voc and Isc measurements are		15/10 – 18:04		Ĩ	
complete, the message "OK" is shown in case the result o		1485	V	ОК	
the test is positive (measured values within the tolerance values set on the instrument). The following		11.25	A	ОК	
parameters are shown:	Voc Nom	1485	V	ОК	
Voc voltage at STC conditions with relevant outcome	Isc Nom	11.25	А	ОК	
> Isc current at STC conditions with relevant outcome	Rp	>100	MΩ	ОК	

## **WHT**°

- for outcome
- Rated value of current Isc@STC used as a reference for outcome
- In case the instrument and the remote unit SOLAR03 are not in direct connection, the instrument only displays the values measured at OPC and it is necessary to wait for the end of the tests and the subsequent synchronization with the remote unit SOLAR03 to obtain the final outcome of the tests.
- 12. With insulation measurement selected, the instrument goes on with the test, keeping terminals P and N short-circuited, and carrying out the test between this point and terminal E for the time necessary to obtain a steady value. The value of insulation resistance is shown in field "Rp" (parallel resistance between values R+ and R-) and the message "OK" appears in case the result of the test is positive (measured value higher than the minimum limit value set on the instrument).
- 13. With continuity measurement selected, the instrument goes on by opening the short-circuit and carrying out the test between terminals E and C. The value of resistance in the continuity test is shown in field "RPE" and the message "OK" appears in case the result of the test is positive (measured value lower than the maximum limit value set on the instrument).
- 14. The message "**Result OK**" is finally shown by the instrument in case the result of all tests is positive.
- 15. Press the **SAVE** key to store the test result in the instrument's memory (see § 7.1) or the **ESC/MENU** key to exit the screen without saving and go back to the main measuring screen.

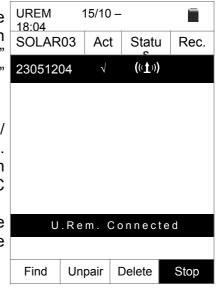
R+	>10 R 0	8- >100	MΩ	
RPE		1.1	Ω	ок
	Res	ult: OK		
1500V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	0	.2 Ω
VTest	ISO	RPE	;	>φ<

## -WHT°

- 16. In case a recording is running, once testing has ended, disconnect the remote unit SOLAR03, bring it back near the instrument and check that the connection to the instrument is active again (symbol "\*" on and steady on the remote unit's display).
- 17. Use the arrow keys ◀ or ► to select "**Stop**" to stop the instrument's recording with the remote unit. The screen on the side appears on the display. The symbol "on" disappears from the display and the message "**REC**" disappears from the remote unit's display.

In this phase, the remote unit downloads the irradiance/ temperature recorded during the measuring campaign. These values are used by the instrument for an **automatic** conversion of Voc and Isc values to STC conditions.

Data available in the memory will be updated with the calculated values and the outcome will therefore become available.



In general, the result of a test on a Voc and Isc measurement is determined by the following relationships:

Please note the following parameters:

 $Voc^{Nom}$  = rated value of open-circuit voltage  $Isc^{Nom}$  = rated value of short-circuit current  $VocTol^+$  = positive tolerance value on  $Voc = VocTol_{S_{2}} \times Voc^{Nom} Voc^{Avg}$  VocTol = negative tolerance value on  $Voc = VocTol_{S_{2}} \times Voc^{Nom} Voc^{Avg}$   $IscTol^+$  = positive tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{S_{2}} \times Isc^{Nom}$  IscTol = negative tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{S_{2}} \times Isc^{Nom}$ IscTol = negative tolerance value on  $Isc = IscTol_{S_{2}} \times Isc^{Nom}$ 

Example: Meler = maximum instrument error declared on lsc (see § 10.1)

 $c_{Vec}^{Meas} - Voc^{STC} - Voc^{Nom}$  = error on Voc measurement @ STC  $c_{Isc}^{Meas} - Isc^{STC} - Isc^{Nom}$  = error on Isc measurement @ STC

The following conditions on parameters on the measurement result are managed by the instrument:

# 

N	CONDITION	RESULT
1	$\begin{array}{l} Voc \ Tol    \ c_{Poc}^{Memor} \leq c_{Poc}^{Memor} \leq Voc \ Tol^+  c_{Poc}^{Memor} \\ isc \ Tol  c_{Isc}^{Memor} \leq c_{Isc}^{Memor} \leq Isc \ Tol^+  c_{Isc}^{Memor} \\ (\text{If ISO measurement selected}) \ \textbf{Rp} \geq \textbf{Rp Lim} \\ (\text{If RPE measurement selected}) \ \textbf{RPEmis} \leq \textbf{RPELim} \end{array}$	ОК
2	Previous condition (1) is not verified, but the following one is valid: $-Voc Tol \leq c_{Foc}^{Mocas} \leq Voc Tol^+$ $Isc Tol^- \leq c_{Foc}^{Mocas} \leq Isc Tol^+$ (If ISO measurement selected) Rp $\geq$ Rp Lim (If RPE measurement selected) RPEmis $\leq$ RPELim	OK*
3	Previous conditions (1) and (2) are not verified, but the following one is valid: Voc Tol $c_{Voc}^{Meas} \leq c_{Voc}^{Meas} \leq Voc Tol^{+}   c_{Voc}^{Meas}$ isc Tol $c_{Voc}^{Meas} \leq c_{Ioc}^{Meas} \leq Isc Tol^{+}   c_{Ioc}^{Meas}$ (If ISO measurement selected) $Rp \geq Rp Lim$ (If RPE measurement selected) $RPEmis \leq RPELim$	NO OK*
4	Previous conditions (1), (2) and (3) are not verified	NO OK

## 

~

#### 6.7.4. Anomalous situations

In case the instrument detects a voltage higher than IVCK 15/10 – 18:04
 1500VDC at terminals P-N, P-E and N-E, it does no carry out the test, gives out a long sound and displays the message "Vin > 1500V".

41	IV OIX	13/10 -	10.04	_		
0						
٧						
	Ren	note U.	not act	ive		
	VPN	V	ΡE	VNE		
	0 V	C	V	0 V		
		Vin >	1500V			
	1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω		
	VTest	ISO	RPE	> <sub>\$</sub> <		

	-0.5VDC at	termi a lor	rument detects nals P-N, it do ng sound and	es not carry	out the	e test		15/10 –	18:04	
							Reı	mote U.	not ac	tive
							VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
							0 V	C	V	0 V
								Rever	se P-N	
							1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω
							VTest	ISO	RPE	>¢<
•			instrument			. [		45/40	40.04	-

<ol> <li>In case the instrument detects a voltag -0.5V≤VPN≤15VDC at terminals P-N, it does not carr out the test, gives out a long sound and displays th message "VInput &lt; 15VDC".</li> </ol>	1	15/10 -	- 18:04	
	Re	mote U.	not act	ive
	VPN	ı v	ΡE	VNE
	11 V	6	8 V	- 5 V
		V Input	< 15VDC	
	1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω
	VTest	ISO	RPE	> <sub>\$</sub> <

VInput > 3V

2Ω

RPE

- - - Ω

> | <

1.00MΩ

ISO

1000V

VTest

4. In case the instrument detects an AC voltage higher than 10V at terminals P-N, P-E and N-E, it does not carr out the test, gives out a long sound and displays the message "VAC > LIM".	7	15/10 -	- 18:04	Ĩ
	Rei	mote U.	not ac	tive
	VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
	11 V	6	3 V	- 5 V
	VAC > LIM			
	1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω
	VTest	ISO	RPE	>ф<

5. In case the instrument detects a voltage >3V at it: IVCK 15/10 - 18:04
terminals E and C, it does not carry out the test, gives ou a long sound and displays the message "VInput > 3V".
Remote U. not active
VPN VPE VNE
0V 0V 0V

6. In case the instrument detects a <b>current &lt;0.1A</b> whil measuring lsc current, the message to the side appear on the display. Check the connections of the instrument to the circuit being tested.		15/10 – 18:04	4 🔳
	R e m	ote U. not	active
	VPN	VPE	VNE
	0 V	0 V	0 V

\_

lsc < 0.1A					
1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω		
VTest	ISO	RPE	> <sub>\$</sub> <		

7.	In	case	the	instrument	detects	а	blown	fuse	while	IVCK	15/10 – 18:04
	measuring lsc current, the message to the side appear										
	on	the dis	splay	. Please con	tact HT's	Af	ter-sales	s Serv	vice.		

Ren	note U.	not act	tive
VPN	V	ΡE	VNE
0 V	C	V	0 V
	Blow	n fuse	
1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	Ω
VTest	ISO	RPE	> <sub>\$</sub> <

ISO

VTest

RPE

>∳<

8.	In case no recording has been activated on remote uni SOLAR03, the message to the side is shown on the display. Check the status of the remote unit SOLAR03	IVCK Front	1	8:04	Ĩ	
	display. Check the status of the remote that SOLAROS	Irr.				W/m2
		Temp.				°C
		SOLAF	203	230512	03	t
		М	odule	: SUNPO	WER3	318WTH
		VP	N	V	ΡE	VNE
		148	0 V	74	0 V	-740V
		F	lem.	Unit not	conr	nected
		1000\	/ 1	.00MΩ	2Ω	0.25Ω

9.	Once Voc and Isc measurements are completed, the		15/10 – 18:04	Ê	
	message "Waiting for irradiance values" is shown ir				
	case a remote unit SOLAR03 is recording but no				
	connected to the instrument. Wait for the remote uni	Voc@STC		V	
	to download the data to display the measurement results	lsc@STC		А	

results @STC

. .

Voc Nom		1485	V		
Isc Nom		11.25	А		
Rp		>100	MΩ	ОК	
R+	>100	R- >100	MΩ		
RPE		1.1	Ω	ок	
Waiti	ng for ir	radiance va	alues		
		_			
1500V	1.00MS	2 2Ω	0.	2Ω	
VTest	ISO	RPE	>¢<		

10. In case the remote unit SOLAR03 has been activated and connected, but the irradiance value is not valid, the message to the side is shown on the display. Check the status of the remote unit	Front
	SOLAR03 23051203 <b>Î</b> Module: SUNPOWER318WTH
	VPN VPE VNE 1480V 740V -740V
	Check inputs of Rem.Unit           1000V         1.00MΩ         2Ω         0.25Ω           VTest         ISO         RPE         >φ<
11. In case measurements are carried out without remote unit (see § 6.7.2), but the instrument has previously	IVCK 15/10 – 18:04
been paired to a remote unit, the message to the side appears on the display. Enter the remote unit's configuration menu (see § 6.2) and select " <b>Unpair</b> " to unpair the remote unit.	Irr W/m2
	SOLAR03 23051203 <b>İ</b> Module: SUNPOWER318WTH
	VPN VPE VNE 1480V 740V -740V
	Rem.Unit not connected

## **PVCHECKs-PRO**

1000V	1.00MΩ	2Ω	0.25Ω
VTest	ISO	RPE	> <b></b> \$<

## 6.8. LIST OF DISPLAY MESSAGES

MESSAGE	DESCRIPTION
Function not available	The selected function/characteristic is not available
Data not saved	The instrument was not able to save the data
Wrong date	Set a correct system date
Database full	The number of modules added to the internal DB is > 30
Module already added	The name of the module has already been added to the DB
Memory full	Instrument memory full upon pressing the GO key
Error: Vmpp >= Voc	Check module settings inside DB
Error: Impp >= Isc	Check module settings inside DB
Error: Vmpp * Impp >= Pmax	Check module settings inside DB
Error: Alpha too high	Check module settings inside DB
Error: Beta too high	Check module settings inside DB
Error: Toll too high	Check module settings inside DB
Download error	Contact service department
Error while saving	Problems when accessing the memory
Remote unit undetected	The instrument does not detect any remote unit SOLAR03
Unable to perform analysis	Problems with the data downloaded from SOLAR03. Check
Data unavailable	Generic error. Repeat the test.
Negative voltage	Check the polarity of the instruments input terminals
Low voltage	Check the voltage between input terminals P and N
Vin > 1500	Voltage between input terminals > 1500V
Wrong no. of modules. Continue?	Set no. of modules inconsistent with measured Voc
Temp. Ref. cell exceeding limits	Temperature measured by reference cell too high
Cell temp. undetected (ENTER/	Measurement not carried out on module cell
Low battery	Low battery charge. Insert new batteries.
Please wait for cooling	Instrument overheated. Wait before resuming the test.
Irradiance too low	Irradiance value lower than the minimum threshold set
NTC Error	Internal NTC efficiency jeopardized. Contact service department
Current < Lim	Current measured between P and N lower than the minimum detectable value
EEPROM Error: contact service	Internal instrument error
FRAM Error: contact service	Internal instrument error
RTC Error: contact service	Internal instrument error
RADIO Error: contact service	Internal instrument error
FLASH Error: contact service	Internal instrument error

IO EXP Error: contact service	Internal instrument error
Voltage > limit	Voltage between terminals E and C > 10V
Label already assigned	Change the numeric reference of the marker associated with the measure
Isc current < Lim	Isc current lower than the minimum detectable value. Contact service department
Warning: internal short-circuit	Contact service department
Warning: blown fuse	Contact service department
Reset calibration. Press ENTER.	Resistance value of input cables > $2\Omega$
Calibration not OK	Calibrated resistance value > measured resistance
Error: Isc offset measurement	Internal instrument error
Rcal > measured R	Calibrated resistance value > measured resistance
Warning: AC voltage at P-N	Presence of AC input voltage
Wait for condenser discharge	Wait for discharge of tested object after insulation

## 7. STORING RESULTS

The instrument allows saving max 999 measured values. The saved data can be recalled at display and deleted at any moment and can be associated to reference numerical markers relevant to the installation (**max 3 levels**), the string and the PV module (**max 250**).

## 7.1. SAVING MEASURES

1.	Press the SAVE key with a measured result shown on the		
	display. The instrument shows the screen to the side,		
	containing the following items:		004
	The first memory location available ("Measure")	Measure:	001
	> 1st-level marker (e.g.: Plant). Different labels can be		001
	associated to each marker (5 default and 5 custom	String	001
	labels). Select the marker of the desired level with the	0	001
	arrow keys (◀ , ►) and press the ENTER key to select	Module	
	one of the available labels.	Comment:	
	2nd-level marker (e.g.: String). Different labels can be associated to each marker (5 default and 5 custom	Installation Smith	
	labels). Select the marker of the desired level with the		
	arrow keys ◀ , ►.		
	> 3rd-level marker (e.g.: Module). Different labels can be		
	associated to each marker (5 default and 5 custom		
	labels). Select the marker of the desired level with the		
	arrow keys ┥ , 🕨.		
	> The field "Comment" in which the operator can include		
	a short description (max 13 digits) using the virtual		

a short description (max 13 digits) using the virtual keyboard. The entered comment is shown in the line underneath.



Custom names of marker labels can be defined by using the TopView

CAUTION

- software and uploaded onto the instrument through PC connection (section "Connection PC-Instrument → Marker management")
   It is possible to add up to 5 custom names for each marker further to the
- It is possible to add up to 5 custom names for each marker, further to the 5 provided as default values.
- The names of the default markers cannot be eliminated. Deletion of custom names can only occur through the **TopView software**.
- 2. Press the **SAVE** key again to confirm data saving or **ESC/MENU** to exit without saving.

# 

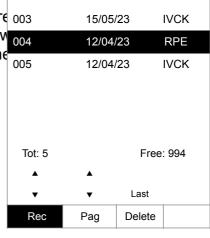
## 7.2. RECALLING AND DELETION OF SAVED DATA

Туре

RPE

 $M\Omega$ 

- 1. Press the ESC/MENU key to go back to the main menu MEM 15/10 18:04 select "MEM" and confirm with ENTER to access the section where saved values are displayed. The screen to 001 the side is shown by the instrument and contains the list o 002 saved tests.
- 2. Use the arrow keys  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $\triangledown$  to select the saved measure 003 which is to be shown on the display, and use the arrow 004 keys  $\blacktriangleleft$ ,  $\blacktriangleright$  to select "**Rec**". Confirm with **ENTER**. The following screen appears on the display:



Date

15/05/23

15/05/23

- 7. For RPE test, there are the values of the following parameters:
  - > Limit threshold set for continuity measurement
  - > Value of calibration resistance of test cables
  - The value of resistance of the object being tested
  - > The real value of the applied test current
  - ➤ Measured result

างู	RPE	RPE 15/10 – 1		
	R		0.02	Ω
	1		0.02	
	Itest		212	mA
		(	ЭK	
	STD	2.00Ω		0.06 Ω
	MODE	Lim.		> <b></b> ¢<

3. Use the arrow keys  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $\nabla$  to select the saved measure MEM 15/10 - 18:04 which is to be deleted, and use the arrow keys  $\triangleleft$ ,  $\triangleright$  to select "Del". Confirm with ENTER. The following scree appears on the display:

u	Ν.	Date	Ð	Туре
er	001	15/05/	23	RPE
	002	15/05/	23	мΩ
	003	15/05/	23	IVCK
	004	12/04/	23	RPE
	005	12/04/	23	IVCK
	Tot: 5		Free	: 994
	<b></b>	<b></b>		
	•	•	Last	
	Rec	Pag	Delete	

3. Press the ENTER key to confirm and the ESC key to exit without confirming and to go back to the main menu. The instrument always deletes the last saved measure
DELETE LAST?
ENTER / ESC

## 8. CONNECTING THE INSTRUMENT TO THE PC

The connection between a PC and the instrument can be done via an optical serial port (see Fig. 3) by means of the optical/USB cable C2006, or via WiFi connection. The choice of the type of connection must be done via the management software (please refer to the software's on-line help).

## CAUTION

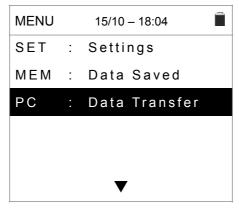
In order to transfer the data onto a PC through an optical/USB cable, it is necessary to install the management software on the PC itself beforehand.



- Before connecting, it is necessary to select the port to be used and the correct baud rate (57600 bps) on the PC. To set these parameters, launch the provided management software and refer to the program's on-line help.
- The selected port must not be engaged by other devices or applications, e.g. a mouse, a modem, etc. Close any applications running using the Microsoft Windows Task Manager function, if necessary.
- The optical port emits invisible LED radiations. Do not directly observe

To transfer data to the PC, follow this procedure:

- 1. Switch on the instrument by pressing the **ON/OFF** key.
- 2. Connect the instrument to the PC via the provided optical/USB cable C2006.
- 3. Press the **ESC/MENU** key to open the main menu.
- 4. Use the arrow keys (▲,▼) to select "**PC**", to access data transfer mode and confirm with **SAVE/ENTER**.



5. <u>If using the WiFi connection is necessary</u>, activate the internal module (see § 5.1.3). The instrument shows the following screen:



Use the software controls to activate data transfer (please refer to the on-line help of the program).

## 9. MAINTENANCE

## 9.1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The instrument you purchased is a precision instrument. While using and storing the instrument, carefully observe the recommendations listed in this manual in order to prevent possible damage or danger during use.

Do not use the instrument in environments with high humidity levels or high temperatures. Do not expose to direct sunlight.

Always switch off the instrument after use. In case the instrument is not to be used for a long time, remove the batteries to avoid liquid leaks that could damage the instrument's internal circuits.

## 9.2. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

When the low battery symbol "D" appears on the LCD display, or if during a test the instrument shows the message "low battery", it is necessary to replace the internal batteries.



## CAUTION

Only expert and trained technicians should perform this operation. Before carrying out this operation, make sure you have disconnected all cables from the input terminals.

- 1. Switch off the instrument by pressing and holding the **ON/OFF** key.
- 2. Remove the cables from the inputs.
- 3. Loosen the battery compartment cover fastening screw and remove the cover.
- 4. Remove all the batteries from the battery compartment and replace them with new batteries of the same type only (see § 10.2), making sure to respect the indicated polarities.
- 5. Restore the battery compartment cover into place and fasten it by means of the relevant screw.
- 6. Do not scatter old batteries into the environment. Use the relevant containers for disposal.

## 9.3. CLEANING THE INSTRUMENT

Use a soft and dry cloth to clean the instrument. Never use wet cloths, solvents, water, etc.

## 9.4. END OF LIFE



**WARNING:** this symbol indicates that the appliance, its accessories, and the internal batteries must be collected separately and correctly disposed of.

## **10. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### **10.1. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Accuracy is indicated as ±[%reading + (num. dgt\*resolution)] at 23°C±5°C, <80%RH

### **ELECTRICAL SAFETY**

#### DMM – DC Voltage

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy
3 ÷ 1500	1	±(1.0%rdg + 2dgt)

DMM – AC TRMS Voltage

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy
3 ÷ 1000	1	±(1.0%rdg + 3dgt)

Frequency range: 42.5 ÷ 69Hz ; Voltages zeroed for measured value <3V

#### $M\Omega$ - Insulation resistance R(+), R(-), Rp – DUAL Mode

Test voltage DC [V]	Range [M $\Omega$ ]	Resolution [M $\Omega$ ]	Accuracy (*)
250, 500, 1000, 1500	0.1 ÷ 0.99	0.01	
	1.0 ÷ 19.9	0.1	±(5.0%rdg + 5dgt)
	20 ÷ 100	1	

(\*) Accuracy declared for VPN≥240V, Rfault≥10 $\Omega$ ;. Accuracy of Rp and R(+) notdeclared if R(+)≥0.2M $\Omega$  and R(-)<0.2M $\Omega$ →, Accuracy of Rp and R(-) not declared if R(+) < 0.2M $\Omega$  and R(-) ≥ 0.2M $\Omega$ .

Open circuit voltage Short-circuit current Rated test current <1.25 x rated test voltage

<15mA (peak) for each test voltage > 1mA on R =  $1k\Omega \times Vnom$  (with VPN, VPE, VNE= 0)

#### Insulation resistance (M $\Omega$ ) – TIMER mode

Test voltage DC [V]	Range [M $\Omega$ ]	Resolution [M $\Omega$ ]	Accuracy
250, 500, 1000, 1500	0.01 ÷ 9.99	0.01	±(5.0%rdg + 5dgt)
	10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	$\pm (5.0\%)$ ug + 5ug()

Open circuit voltage Short-circuit current Rated test current <1.25 x rated test voltage < 15mA (peak) for each test voltage

> 1mA on R =  $1k\Omega \times Vnom$  (with VPN, VPE, VNE= 0)

Selectable Timer:

### Continuity of protective conductors (RPE)

3s ÷ 999s

Range [Ω]	Resolution [ $\Omega$ ]	Accuracy
0.00 ÷ 9.99	0.01	
10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	±(2.0%rdg + 2dgt)
100 ÷ 1999	1	

Test current: Open-circuit voltage

>200mA DC up to 5 $\Omega$  (cables included), resolution 1mA, accuracy ±(5.0%reading + 5digits) 4 < V<sub>0</sub> < 10V

#### **GFL– Ground Fault Locator**

Test voltage DC [V]	Range [MΩ]	Resolution [MΩ]	Accuracy Rp(*)	Accuracy Position
	0.1 ÷ 0.99	0.01		
250, 500, 1000, 1500	1.0 ÷ 19.9	0.1	±(5.0%rdg + 5dgt)	± 1 module

		20 ÷ 100	1		
14	A A	DADA ANY DE-110		and D(1) matched aread if D(1)>0.010	A SHALL DO A COMO A

(\*) Accuracy declared for VPN≥240V, Rfault≥10 $\Omega$ ;. Accuracy of Rp and R(+) notdeclared if R(+)≥0.2M $\Omega$  and R(-)<0.2M $\Omega$ →, Accuracy of Rp and R(-) not declared if  $R(+) < 0.2M\Omega$  and  $R(-) \ge 0.2M\Omega$ .

- Open circuit voltage Short-circuit current Rated test current Measuring limit:
- <1.25 x rated test voltage <15mA (peak) for each test voltage
- > 1mA on R =  $1k\Omega \times Vnom$  (with VPN, VPE, VNE= 0)

 $0.05M\Omega$ ,  $0.1M\Omega$ ,  $0.23M\Omega$ , Number of modules: 4 ÷ 35

The GFL function provides correct results with the following conditions:

Test carried out with Vtest ≥Vnom on a single string disconnected from inverter, from overvoltage protections and earth connections.

Test carried out upstream of possible blocking diodes

Single fault of low insulation located at any position in the string

Insulation resistance of the single fault <0.23MΩ</p>

> Environmental conditions similar to those in which the fault occurred

### **IVCK FUNCTION**

Accuracy is indicated as ±[%reading + (number of digits\*resolution)] at 23°C±5°C, <80%RH

#### DC Voltage @ OPC

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy
3.0 ÷ 1500.0	0.1	±(1.0%rdg + 2dgt)

Minimum VPN voltage to start the test: 15V

#### DC Current @ OPC

Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy
0.10 ÷ 40.00	0.01	±(1.0%rdg + 2dgt)

#### DC Voltage @ STC

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy
3.0 ÷ 1500.0	0.1	±(4.0%rdg + 2dgt)

#### DC Current @ STC

	Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy
C	).10 ÷ 40.00	0.01	±(4.0%rdg + 2dgt)

#### 10.2. **GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Reference guidelines** Instrument safety: IEC/EN61010-1,IEC/EN61010-2-030 IEC/EN61010-2-033, IEC/EN61010-2-034 EMC: IEC/EN61326-1, IEC/EN61326-2-2 Safety of measuring accessories: IEC/EN61010-031 Measurements: IEC/EN62446 (IVCK), IEC/EN61557-1 IEC/EN61557-2 (MΩ), IEC/EN61557-4 (RPE) Insulation: double insulation Pollution level: 2 CAT III 1000VAC, CAT III 1500VDC to earth, Measurement category: Max 1000VAC, 1500VDC between inputs Radio Compliance with directive: ETSI EN300328, ETSIEN301489-1, ETSIEN301489-17 Display, memory and PC interface Type of display: LCD custom, 240x240pxl, with backlight

Saved data:

m	ax 999	

Internal database: PC interface: Interface with SOLAR03:	max 64 modules optical/USB and WiFi Bluetooth connection (max distance 100m)
Power supply	
Battery type:	6x1.5V alkaline type AA LR06 or
	6x1.2V rechargeable batteries NiMH type AA LR06
Low battery indication:	symbol "[]" on the display
Battery duration (@Temp = $20^{\circ}$ C):	RPE: >500 Tests (RPE $\ge 0.1\Omega$ )
	GFL, MΩ: >500 tests (Riso≥1kΩxVTest)
	IVCK: >500 tests (no SOLAR03)
Auto power off:	after 5 minutes' idling
Mechanical characteristics	-
Dimensions (L x W x H)	235 x 165 x 75mm (9 x 6 x 3in)
Weight (batteries included):	1.2kg (25lv)
Mechanical protection:	IP40
10.3. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDIT	IONS FOR USE
Reference temperature:	23°C ± 5°C (73°F ± 41°F)
Operating temperature:	-10°C ÷ 50°C (14°F ± 122°F)
Allowable relative humidity:	<80%RH (without condensation)
Storage temperature:	-10°C ÷ 60°C (14°F ± 140°F)
Storogo humiditu:	<0.00/ DU (without condenaction)

Storage humidity: Max operating altitude: <80%RH (without condensation) 2000m

This instrument satisfies the requirements of Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (LVD) and of Directive 2014/30/EU (EMC) and RED 2014/53/EU This instrument satisfies the requirements of European Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS) and 2012/19/EU (WEEE)

## 10.4. ACCESSORIES

See the attached packing list



## CAUTION

Only the accessories provided together with the instrument will guarantee safety standards. They must be in good conditions and replaced with identical models, when necessary

## 11. APPENDIX – THEORETICAL OUTLINE

## 11.1. MEASUREMENT OF POLARIZATION INDEX (PI)

The purpose of this diagnostic test is to evaluate the influence of the polarization effects. Upon the application of a high voltage to insulation, the electric dipoles distributed in the insulation align in the direction of the applied electric field. This phenomenon is called <u>polarization</u>. Because of the polarized molecules, a polarization (absorption) current generates, which lowers the total value of insulation resistance.

Parameter **PI** consists in the ratio between the value of insulation resistance measured after 1 minute and after 10 minutes. The test voltage is maintained throughout the whole duration of the test and, at the end, the instrument provides the value of ratio:

$$PI = \frac{R \ (10 \ min)}{R \ (1 \ min)}$$

Some reference values:

PI Value	Insulation condition
<1.0	Not acceptable
from 1.0 to 2.0	Dangerous
from 2.0 to 4.0	Good
> 4.0	Excellent

## 11.2. DIELECTRIC ABSORPTION RATIO (DAR)

Parameter **DAR** consists in the ratio between the value of insulation resistance measured after 30s and after 1 minute. The test voltage is maintained throughout the whole duration of the test and, at the end, the instrument provides the value of ratio:

$$DAR = \frac{R(1 min)}{R(30s)}$$

Some reference values:

DAR Value	Insulation condition
< 1.0	Not acceptable
from 1.0 to 1.25	Dangerous
from 1.25 to 1.6	Good
> 1.6	Excellent

## **12. ASSISTANCE**

## 12.1. WARRANTY CONDITIONS

This instrument is warranted against any material or manufacturing defect, in compliance with the general sales conditions. During the warranty period, defective parts may be replaced. However, the manufacturer reserves the right to repair or replace the product. Should the instrument be returned to the After-sales Service or to a Dealer, transport will be at the Customer's charge. However, shipment will be agreed in advance. A report will always be enclosed to a shipment, stating the reasons for the product's return. Only use original packaging for shipment; any damage due to the use of non-original packaging material will be charged to the Customer. The manufacturer declines any responsibility for injury to people or damage to property.

The warranty shall not apply in the following cases:

- Repair and/or replacement of accessories and battery (not covered by warranty).
- Repairs that may become necessary because of an incorrect use of the instrument or due to its use together with non-compatible appliances.
- Repairs that may become necessary because of improper packaging.
- Repairs which may become necessary because of interventions performed by unauthorized personnel.
- Modifications to the instrument performed without the manufacturer's explicit authorization.
- Use not provided for in the instrument's specifications or in the instruction manual.

The content of this manual cannot be reproduced in any form without the manufacturer's authorization.

Our products are patented and our trademarks are registered. The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes in the specifications and prices if this is due to improvements in technology.

## 12.2. ASSISTANCE

If the instrument does not operate properly, before contacting the After-sales Service, please check the conditions of batteries and cables and replace them, if necessary. Should the instrument still operate improperly, check that the product is operated according to the instructions given in this manual. Should the instrument be returned to the After-sales Service or to a Dealer, transport will be at the Customer's charge. However, shipment will be agreed in advance. A report will always be enclosed to a shipment, stating the reasons for the product's return. Only use original packaging for shipment; any damage due to the use of non-original packaging material will be charged to the Customer.

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WE ARE