# ENGLISH User manual



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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

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1. PRECAUTIONS AND SAFE	TY MEASURES2
1.1. Preliminary instructions	
1.2. During use	4
1.3. After use	4
1.4. Definition of measureme	t (overvoltage) category4
2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.	6
2.1. Measuring average value	s and TRMS values6
2.2. Definition of true root me	an square value and crest factor6
3. PREPARATION FOR USE .	
3.1. Initial checks	8
3.2. Instrument power supply	8
3.3. Storage	8
4. NOMENCLATURE	9
4.1. Instrument description	9
4.1.1. Alignment marks	9
4.1.2. Hand protection	10
4.1.3. Indication of the conventior	al direction of Current10
4.2. Function keys description	
4.2.1. F1, F2, F3, F4/OK keys	
4.2.2. H/ESC/ key	
4.3. Initial Scieen	۱۱
4.4. IIISII UIIIEIII Sellii Iys	
4.4.1. General menu. 4.4.2 Date/Time menu	
4.4.3. Log menu	
4.4.4. Continuity menu	
4.4.5. Memory REC – Deleting sa	ved data14
4.4.6. Memory IRC	15
5. OPERATIVE INSTRUCTION	517
5.1. AC Voltage detection	17
5.2. DC Voltage measuremer	t17
5.3. AC and AC+DC Voltage	neasurement20
5.3.1. Voltage Harmonics measur	ement23
5.3.2. Phase Sequence and Phase	e Conformity with 1 wire25
5.4. DC Current measuremer	
5.5. AC and AC+DC Current	neasurement
5.5.1. Current Harmonics measur	ement
5.6. Dynamic mrush current r	leasurement 40
5.7. DC Power and Energy II	ad Energy measurement 50
5.0. AC allu AC+DC FOWEI a	tost moscuromont
6.1 Download asved data	IENT TO PC AND WODILE DEVICES
6.2 Dool Time readings	۱ ۵
6.2. Real-Time readings	
	ILES00
7. MAINTENANCE	
7.1. General Information	
7.2. Dattery replacement	
7.3. Cleaning the instrument.	
o. IECHINICAL SPECIFICATIO	68
8.1. Iecnnical characteristics	
8.1.1. Reference guidelines	
8.2.1 Environmental conditions fr	
8.3 Accessories	71
8.3.1. Accessories provided	

# -WHT°

9. SER	VICE	.73
9.1.	Warranty conditions	73
9.2.	Service	73
10. APP	ENDIX – THEORETICAL OUTLINE	.74
10.1.	Voltage and current harmonics	

## PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY MEASURES

The instrument has been designed in compliance with directive IEC/EN61010-1 relative to electronic measuring instruments. For your safety and in order to avoid damaging the instrument, please carefully follow the procedures described in this manual and read all notes preceded by the symbol  $\triangle$  paying the utmost attention.

Before and after carrying out measurements, carefully observe the following instructions:

- Do not carry out any voltage or current measurement in humid environments
- Do not carry out any measurement in case of gas, explosive and inflammable materials or dusty environments
- Avoid contact with the circuit under test if no measurement is carried out
- Avoid contact with exposed metal parts, with unused measuring probes, circuits, etc.
- Do not carry out any measurement in case of instrument's anomalies such as deformation, breaks, substance leaks, absence of displayed screen, etc.
- Pay special attention when measuring voltages higher than 20V, since a risk of electrical shock exists

The following symbols are used in this manual and on the instrument:



Warning: observe the instructions given in this manual; improper use could damage the instrument or its components.



High voltage danger: electrical shock hazard.



This symbol indicates that the clamp can operate on live conductors



Double-insulated meter



AC voltage or current



DC voltage or current

Connection to earth

#### 1. PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS

- This clamp has been designed for use in environments of pollution degree 2.
- It can be used for CURRENT and VOLTAGE measurements on installations with measurement category CAT IV 600V and CAT III 1000V. For a definition of measurement categories, see § 1.4.

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- We recommend to follow the standard safety rules devised by the procedures for carrying out operations on live systems and using the prescribed PPE to protect the user against dangerous currents and the instrument against incorrect use.
- Only the leads supplied with the instrument guarantee compliance with the safety standards. They must be under good conditions and replaced with identical models, when necessary.
- Do not test circuits exceeding the specified current and voltage limits.
- Check that the battery is correctly inserted.
- Before connecting the test leads to the circuit under test, make sure that the switch is correctly set.
- Make sure that the LCD display and the switch indicate the same function.

#### 2. DURING USE

Please carefully read the following recommendations and instructions:

## CAUTION



Failure to comply with the Caution notes and/or Instructions may damage the instrument and/or its components or be a source of danger for the operator.

- Before activating the switch, remove the conductor from the clamp jaw or disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test.
- When the instrument is connected to the circuit, do not touch any unused terminal.
- Keep your hands always under the hand protection. This protection is always located in a suitable position to guarantee a correct safety distance from possible exposed or live parts (see Fig. 3)
- Avoid measuring resistance if external voltages are present. Even if the instrument is protected, excessive voltage could cause a malfunction of the clamp.
- During current measurement, any other current near the clamp may affect measurement accuracy.
- When measuring current, always put the conductor as close as possible to the middle of the clamp jaw, to obtain the most accurate reading.
- While measuring, if the value or the sign of the quantity under test remain unchanged, check if the HOLD function is enabled.

#### 3. AFTER USE

- When measurement is complete, switch **OFF** the instrument.
- If the instrument is not to be used for a long time, remove the batteries

#### 4. DEFINITION OF MEASUREMENT (OVERVOLTAGE) CATEGORY

Standard IEC/EN61010-1: "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use, Part 1: General requirements" defines measurement category, commonly called overvoltage category. In § 6.7.4: Measured circuits, circuits are divided into the following measurement categories:

(OMISSIS)

• **Measurement category IV** is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.

Examples are electricity meters and measurements on primary overcurrent protection devices and ripple control units.

• **Measurement category III** is for measurements performed on installations inside buildings.

Examples are measurements on distribution boards, circuit breakers, wiring, including cables, bus-bars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment, for example, stationary motors with permanent connection to fixed installations.

• **Measurement category II** is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low-voltage installation.

Examples are measurements on household appliances, portable tools and similar equipment.

• **Measurement category I** is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS.

Examples are measurements on circuits not derived from MAINS, and specially protected (internal) MAINS-derived circuits. In the latter case, transient stresses are variable; for that reason, the standard requires that the transient withstand capability of the equipment is made known to the user.

## 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The instrument carries out the following measurements:

- DC voltage up to 1500V
- AC, AC+DC TRMS voltage up to 1000V
- "Voltsense" sensor for detection AC voltage without contact
- DC, AC, AC+DC TRMS current up to 1000A
- Resistance and continuity test
- Phase sequence and conformity test with 1 wire
- Measure/Recording AC Powers on single-phase and/or balanced three phase systems
- Measure/Recording power factor on single-phase and/or balanced three phase systems
- Measure/Recording AC energies on single-phase and/or balanced three-phase systems
- Measure/Recording DC power and energy
- Measure/Recording AC voltage harmonics up to 25° order and THD%
- Measure/Recording AC current harmonics up to 25° order and THD%
- Frequency voltage and current
- Electric motor starting currents (Dynamic Inrush)
- WiFi interface for PC and mobile device connection

Each of these functions can be selected using the selector switch. Keys **F1**, **F2**, **F3**, **F4/OK** and **H/ESC/** are also provided. For their use, please refer to § 4.2.

#### 2.1. MEASURING AVERAGE VALUES AND TRMS VALUES

Measuring instruments of alternating quantities are divided into two big families:

- AVERAGE-VALUE meters: instruments measuring the value of the single wave signals
- TRMS (True Root Mean Square) VALUE meters: instruments measuring the TRMS value of the quantity being tested

In the presence of a perfectly sinusoidal wave, both families of instruments provide identical results. In the presence of distorted waves, on the other hand, the readings shall differ. Average-value meters provide the RMS value of the sole fundamental wave, TRSM meters, instead, provide the RMS value of the whole wave, including harmonics (within the instrument's bandwidth)

#### 2.2. DEFINITION OF TRUE ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE AND CREST FACTOR

The root mean square value of current is defined as follows: "In a time equal to a period, an alternating current with a root mean square value of the intensity of 1A, circulating on a resistor, dissipates the same energy as that which would have been dissipated by a direct current with the intensity of 1 A during the same time ". This definition results in the numeric expression:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{T}\int_{t_0}^{t_0+T}g^2(t)dt}$$

 $G = \bigvee_{t_0}^{t_0}$  The root mean square value is indicated with the acronym RMS. The Crest Factor is defined as the relationship between the Peak Value of a signal and its RMS  $G_p$ 

value: CF (G)=  $G_{RMS}$  This value changes with the signal waveform, for a purely sinusoidal wave it is  $\sqrt{2}$  =1.41. In case of distortion, the Crest Factor takes higher values as wave

distortion increases.

## 3. PREPARATION FOR USE

#### 3.1. INITIAL CHECKS

Before shipping, the instrument has been checked from an electric as well as mechanical point of view. All possible precautions have been taken so that the instrument is delivered undamaged. However, we recommend generally checking the instrument in order to detect possible damage suffered during transport. In case anomalies are found, immediately contact the forwarding agent. We also recommend to check whether the package contains all components indicated in § 8.3. In case of discrepancy, please contact the Dealer. In case the instrument should be replaced, please carefully follow the instructions given in § 9.2.

#### 3.2. INSTRUMENT POWER SUPPLY

The instrument is supplied by 2x1.5V LR03 AAA batteries. Replace them following the instructions in § 5.2.

#### 3.3. STORAGE

In order to guarantee accurate measurements, after a long storage time under extreme environmental conditions, wait for the instrument to come back to normal condition (see § 8.2.1)

#### 4. NOMENCLATURE

#### 4.1. INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION



#### CAPTION:

- 1. Inductive clamp jaw
- 2. AC voltage indicator LED
- 3. Jaw trigger
- 4. Rotary selector switch
- 5. H/ESC/ key
- 6. F1,F2,F3,F4/OK function keys
- 7. LCD display
- 8. Input terminal  $V\Omega^{(n)}$
- 9. Input terminal COM

Fig. 1: Instrument description

#### 4.1.1. Alignment marks

Put the conductor as close as possible to the middle of the jaws on the intersection of the indicated marks (see Fig. 2) in order to meet the meter accuracy specifications.



**CAPTION:** 

- 1. Alignment marks
- 2. Conductor

Fig. 2: Alignment marks

#### 4.1.2. Hand protection



- CAPTION: 1. Hand protection
- 2. Safe area

Fig. 3: hand protection

Always keep your hands under the hand protection. This protection is always located in a suitable position to guarantee a correct safety distance from possible exposed or live parts (see Fig. 3)

#### 4.1.3. Indication of the conventional direction of Current

The Fig. 4 shows an arrow which indicates the conventional direction of current



Fig. 4: Current direction arrow

#### 4.2. FUNCTION KEYS DESCRIPTION

#### 4.2.1. F1, F2, F3, F4/OK keys

The **F1**, **F2**, **F3**, **F4/OK** keys perform different functions according to the measurement set (for detailed information, see the single functions).

#### 4.2.2. H/ESC/ key

A single press activates the Data HOLD function and the value of the measurement quantity is frozen at display. The symbol "I" is displayed when this function is enabled. This operating mode is disabled when "H" key is pressed again or the switch is operated. In order to improve the readability of the values measured in dark places, the display has been provided with a backlight function which is turned on and off by long-pressing "H" key. If the feature is set in MAN mode (see § 4.4) the backlight deactivates after approximately 30 seconds after its activation, in order to save battery life. The same key identify the **ESC** (Exit) functionality inside the different modes of the instrument.

#### 4.3. INITIAL SCREEN

When switching on the instrument, the initial screen appears for a few seconds. It shows:

- The instrument's model
- The instrument's serial number
- The instrument's firmware version





## CAUTION

Please note down this information, especially the firmware version, in case it should be necessary to contact the service department.

After a few seconds, the instrument switches to the selected function.

#### 4.4. INSTRUMENT SETTINGS

By positioning the selector switch to "Settings", the screen		▼		OK
instrument				
instrument.	Gene	ral		
	Date/	IIme		
Press F2, F3 ( $\nabla$ , $\blacktriangle$ ) keys to modify the settings of the selected	Conti	nuitv		
items and F4 (OK) key to enter in the sub-menus and confirm	Memo	ory RI	ΞC	
the selections. Press ESC key to exit without save and return to	Memo	orýIR	С	
previous screen.				
	17/01 -	- 15:34:	23	

#### 4.4.1. General menu

In this section is possible to manage the followed internal functions:

- ➤ Language → Press F2, F3 ▼,▲) keys for the selection of the available languages and F4 (OK) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display
- ➤ Auto-off → In this section it is possible to activate/ deactivate the auto power off feature. Press F2, F3 (◀, ►) keys for the selection of the "ON" or "OFF" options and F4 (OK) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display. The "O" symbol is displayed with auto power off feature activated and the instrument switches off after approx. 5 minutes of idleness
- Backlight. → In this section it is possible to select the activation mode of display backlight. Press F2, F3 (◀, ►) keys for the selection of the "MAN" option (backlight manually activated by pressing "H" key and disable after approx. 30 seconds) or "ON" (backlight always active) and F4 (OK) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display. The "ON" option can result a significant reduction of the battery life

#### 4.4.2. Date/Time menu

By selecting the "Date/Time" item the instrument shows the screen aside will appear. Press F1 (Sel) key to move the cursor and press the F2, F3 ( $\nabla$ ,  $\blacktriangle$ ) keys to modify the settings of the selected item. The "Format" item allows to slelect the date/time format between EU (European) or USA (American). Press F4 (OK) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display

Sel	▼		OK
Langu Eng Auto- OFF Backl MAN	uage: lish off: ight: N		
17/01 –	- 15:34:	23	

Sel	▼		OK
Year: Montl Day: Hour: Minut Form	h: : te: at:	20 01 17 15 34 EU	
17/01 -	- 15:34:	23	

#### 4.4.3. Log menu

By selecting the "Log" item the instrument shows the screen aside will appear. Press the F2, F3 ( $\nabla$ ,  $\blacktriangle$ ) keys to modify the settings of the **Integration Period** parameter (aggregation time between two consecutive saving inside a recording operation). The followed values are available: **1s**, **5s**, **10s**, **30s**, **60s**, **120s**, **300s**, **600s** or **900s**. Press F4 (OK) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display



#### 4.4.4. Continuity menu

By selecting the "**Continuity**" item the instrument shows the screen aside will appear. Press the **F2**, **F3** ( $\nabla$ ,  $\blacktriangle$ ) keys to modify the setting of the limit threshold value below which the instrument emits a sound in the continuity tests (see § 5.9). The value is selectable in the field:  $1\Omega \div 150\Omega$  in steps of  $1\Omega$ . Press **F4** (**OK**) key to confirm the selected item. The "Saved data" message is displayed for a while in the bottom part of display





# 

17/01 – 18:34:23

In the "Memory REC" section there is a list of all the recordings		Del	Esc	ОК			
saved in the instrument. The screen on the side is shown on the							
display. The meaning of the items are the follows:	S01:1	5/01- 7/01-	-16.56 .16.59	:42 ·00			
$>$ Sxx $\rightarrow$ Indicates the saving of an instant sampling	L03:1	7/01-	17:10	:00			
(Snapshot) performed by the instrument (see § 6.2) together with the date/time in which it was saved. The number "xx" indicates the memory location used	9 !TAuton: 00d/10h ."						
$>$ Lxx $\rightarrow$ indicates the saving of a recording (Logger)	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23				
<ul> <li>performed by the instrument (see § 5.7 and § 5.8) together with the date/time when it was started. The number "xx" indicates the memory location where the data is saved</li> <li>&gt; Auton → indicates the remaining residual memory available for saving snapshots/recordings expressed in days/hours</li> </ul>							
The visualization of the recorded data is possible only							
HTAnalisys APP							
Press the <b>F3 (ESC)</b> key to exit and return to the general menu.							
r ress r 4 (OR) to commit the operations							
Press the F2 (Del) key to clear the data saved in the memory		Del	Esc	OK			
<ul> <li>The following screen is shown on the display. Use the F2 key to section the items:</li> <li>▶ Del. Tot. → Delete all contents of the memory</li> <li>▶ Del. Last → Delete the last saved data</li> </ul>	S01:15/01-16.56:42 L02:17/01-16:59:00 L03:17/01-17:10:00						
Press F4 (OK) to confirm the operations	Autor	1:	00d/	10h			

## 4.4.6. Memory IRC

In the "Memory IRC" section there is a list of all the inrush		Del	Esc	OK
current measurements saved by the instrument (see § 5.6). The				
screen like the one on the side is shown on the display. The	101:1	3/12-	10.41	:20
meaning of the item is the follows:	102:1	3/12 - 2/12	10:44	:21
► Ixx → indicates the saving of the inrush current measurement together with the date/time in which it was saved. The number "xx" indicates the memory location used	103:1	3/12- 3/12-	10:45	:58
The visualization of the recorded data is possible only	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

HTAnalisys APP

Press the **F3 (ESC)** key to exit and return to the general menu. Press **F4 (OK)** to confirm the operations.

Press the F2 (Del) key to clear the data in the memory. The		Del	Esc	ОК
section the below items:	101:1	3/12-	10.41	:20
<ul> <li>▶ Del. Tot. → Delete all contents of the memory</li> <li>▶ Del. Last → Delete the last saved data</li> </ul>	102:1 103:1 104:1	3/12- 3/12- 3/12-	10:44 10:45 10:45	:21 :01 :58
Press F4 (OK) to confirm the operation				
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
The visualization of the recorded data is possible only through the TopView management software or the				

HTAnalisys APP

## 5. OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS

#### 5.1. AC VOLTAGE DETECTION

With the selector switch set to "V=" by taking the end of the clamp jaw near an AC source, the red LED at the base of the clamp jaw will turn on (see Fig. 1 – part 2), which indicates that voltage is present.



## CAUTION

Phase detection is active only when the clamp selector switch is set to "**V** =" position

CAUTION

#### 5.2. DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT



- The maximum DC input voltage is 1500V. When the display shows "> **1500.0V**", it means that the maximum value that clamp is capable of measuring has been exceeded. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument.
- The CAT III 1000V marking on test leads guarantees the safe measurement of voltage up to 1500V



Fig. 5: DC Voltage measurement

1. By positioning the selector switch to "**V**=", the screen aside

Mod Har Fnc

#### will appear

- Press F1 (Mod) key to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen nearby and select the "DC" option with the same key
- Press the F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into DC voltage measurement mode. The F2 (Har) key is not active in this function
- "DC" option with the same e instrument goes into DC e F2 (Har) key is not active --0
- 4. Connect red cable to input lead  $V\Omega^{(1)}$  and black cable to input lead **COM** then position the leads at the desired points of the circuit under test (see Fig. 5)
- 5. The screen shows an example of DC Voltage measurement. Mod Har Fnc

- 6. Press **F3** (**Fnc**) key to open the drop-down menu shown on Mod **Fnc** the screen nearby. At each subsequent pressure of **F3** key, the cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:
  - Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of the measured DC Voltage
  - Min: it constantly displays the minimum value of the measured DC Voltage
  - Cr+: it constantly displays the maximum positive crest value
  - Cr-: it constantly displays the minimum negative crest value
  - RST: (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min, Cr+ and Crvalues and re-start with a new measure
  - ESC: it goes back from Max/Min/Cr+/Cr- and return to normal measuring mode
- 7. By pressing **F4** (**OK**), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby Mod Arm Fnc



DC

17/01 - 18:34:23

9.

17/01 - 18:34:23

9.1

V

OK

V

# -<del>Ŵ</del>HT°

Nearby functior	an example of measurement with active Max n. The "Max" symbol indicates the active function	Max	DC	
			12.0	V
<b>A</b>	CAUTION			
	The measurement of the 4 Max. Min. Cr+ and Cr-	/alues	is simultaned	ous

- The measurement of the 4 Max, Min, Cr+ and Cr- values is simultaneous, regardless of the displayed value.
- 8. For the use of HOLD and backlight feature see § 4.4

# 

## 5.3. AC AND AC+DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT





The maximum AC and AC+DC input voltage is 1000V. When the display shows "> 999.9V", it means that the maximum value which clamp is capable of measuring has been exceeded. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument.



Fig. 6: AC and AC + DC voltage measurement

 By positioning the selector switch to "V<sub>■</sub>", the screen nearby will appear



Har

Fnc

OK

2. Press **F1** (**Mod**) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen aside and select the "**AC**" or "**AC+DC**" option with the

# ŴHT

the same key

3. Press F4 (OK) to confirm

AC	<42.5	Ηz
0	)	V
17/01 – 18:34	:23 🔳	

23.

V

4. Connect red cable to input lead  $V\Omega^{(1)}$  and black cable to input lead **COM** then position the leads to the desired points of the circuit under test (see Fig. 6)

5. The screen shows an example of AC voltage measuremen	t Mod	Har	Fnc	
components overlapped on a generic alternate wavefor (AC+DC) signal and this can be very useful for the measurements on impulsive signals typically of no line	n e	AC	50.0	) Hz
loads (e.g: welders, electric ovens, etc)		230	).1	V
	17/01	- 18:34:	23	

- 6. Press **F3** (**Fnc**) to open the drop-down menu shown on the Mod Har Fnc OK screen aside. At each subsequent pressure of key **F3**, the cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:
  - Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of the measured AC+DC Voltage
  - Min: it constantly displays the minimum value of the measured AC+DC Voltage
  - Cr+: it constantly displays the maximum positive crest 17/01 18:34:23 value
  - Cr-: it constantly displays the minimum negative crest value
  - RST: (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min, Cr+ and Crvalues and re-start with a new measure
  - Esc: it goes back from Max/Min/Cr+/Cr- and return to normal measuring mode



# CAUTION

Note: the measurement of the 4 Max, Min, Cr+ and Cr- values is simultaneous, regardless of the displayed value.

7.	By pressing F4 (OK), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby,	Mod	Har	Fnc	

AC
Max



8. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

#### 5.3.1. Voltage Harmonics measurement

1.	Press F2 (Har) key to select the screen of voltage harmonics	Mod	Har	Fnc	OK
	as shown nearby. Press again F2 (RMS) to go back to voltage measurement screen		AC	50.(	) Hz
			220	).5	V
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

2.	By pressing F1 ( $\triangleleft$ ) or F4 ( $\triangleright$ ), it is possible to move the	•	RMS	Fnc	►
	measured. The correspondent absolute or percentage value of harmonic voltage is shown. It is possible to measure up to the 25 <sup>th</sup> harmonic				
		Н01	2	15.0	) V
		Thd	V	10.0	) %
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
3.	While measuring Voltage Harmonics, press F3 (Fnc) to open	•	RMS	Fnc	

V

웅

215.0

10.0

H01

ThdV

17/01 - 18:34:23

open the drop-down menu snown on the screen aside. At each subsequent pressure of **F3**, the cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:

- Max: it constantly displays the maximum RMS value of the selected current harmonic
- Min: it constantly displays the minimum RMS value of the selected current harmonic
- Abs: it displays the absolute value of the harmonics in Volts
- %: it displays the value of the harmonics as percentage value with respect to the fundamental
- RST (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min values and re-start with a new measure
- **Esc**: it goes back to a normal measuring mode



Since the menu contains functions with a different meaning (Max-Min and Abs-%), it is necessary to enter the menu twice: first for displaying Abs or % values and second time to enable the Max or Min functions

4.	By pressing <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby,	•	RMS	Fnc	►
	display shows the active function.				
		H01 Thd	2 V	15.0 10.0	) V ) 응
		17/01 -	- 18:34	:23	

5. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 5.3.2. Phase Sequence and Phase Conformity with 1 wire



CAUTION

While measuring, the instrument must be held in the operator's hand.

#### Phase sequence test



Fig. 7: Verification of phase sequence

Press F1 (Mod) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen nearby and select the "Ph Seq" option with the same key
 Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The followed screen is shown on the display

|--|

17/01 - 18:34:23

3.	The instrument shows the " <b>PH1</b> " message and waits for the detection of L1 phase	Mod			Go
4.	Connect red cable to input lead $V\Omega^{(1)}$ and black cable to input lead <b>COM</b> then position the leads respectively to the L1 phase and the ground reference PE of the circuit under	Ph Seq			
	test (see Fig. 7).		PH	11	
		Wait	I		
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

# CAUTION

If the frequency of the measured voltage is lower than 42.5Hz or higher than 69Hz, the display shows the message "F<42.5 Hz" or "F>69 Hz" and phase detection does not start.

5.	When a <b>voltage</b> $\geq$ <b>100V</b> is detected, the instrument emits a sound signal (buzzer) and the massage "Mass" is displayed	Mod			Go	
	Do not press any key and keep the test lead connected to L1 phase cable.	Ph S	Ph Seq			
			PH	11		
		Meas				
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23		
6.	Once phase L1 acquisition is complete, the instrument stops	Mod			Go	
	Disconnect the test lead from phase L1 cable.	Ph S	eq			
			Dis	scor	<b>1.</b>	
		Wait				
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23		
7.	The message " <b>PH2</b> " is shown and the instrument waits for	Mod			Go	

the detection of L2 phase. Connect the test lead to phase L2 cable (see Fig. 7)	Ρh	Seq
		PH2
	₩a:	it
	17/0	1 – 18:34:23

# CAUTION



If more than 3 seconds elapse before detecting phase L2, the instrument displays the message "**Time Out**". It is necessary to repeat the measuring cycle from the beginning, by pressing **F3** (**New**) and starting again from point 3.

8.	When a <b>voltage</b> ≥ <b>100V</b> is detected, the instrument emits a sound signal (buzzer) and the message " <b>Meas</b> " is displayed. Do not press any key and keep the test lead connected to L2 phase cable	Mod Ph S	Go		
			P	н2	
		Meas			
		17/01 – 18:34:23			
9.	If the two phases, to which the test lead has been	Mod			Go
	is displayed. If the phase sequence is incorrect, the message <b>123</b> message <b>132</b> " is displayed	Ph Seq			
10	. To start a new measurement, press <b>F4</b> ( <b>Go</b> )		12	23	
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

Phase conformity test



# CAUTION

While measuring, the instrument must be held in the operator's hand.



Fig. 8: Verification of phase conformity

1.	The instrument shows the screen nearby, and waits for the detection of L1 phase of the first system	Mod			Go	
		Ph S	Ph Seq			
2.	Connect the red cable to the input lead $V\Omega^{(1)}$ then position the lead on the 14 phase of the first system of the sirguit					
	under test (see Fig. 8)		PH	H1		
		Wait	l			
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23		
3.	When a <b>voltage ≥ 100V</b> is detected, the instrument emits a	Mod			Go	

# -<del>M</del>HT°

displayed. Do not press any key and keep the test lead connected to L1 phase cable of the first system	Ph Seq PH1 Meas
	17/01 – 18:34:23
4. Once the voltage of L1 phase acquisition is complete, the instrument stops the sound signal and the "Discon." Message is displayed. Disconnect the test lead from L1 phase of the first system.	Mod Go Ph Seq
	Discon. Wait
	17/01 – 18:34:23
<ol> <li>The message "PH2" is displayed and the instrument waits for the detection of L1 phase of the second system. Connec the test lead to L1 phase of the second system (see Fig</li> </ol>	Mod Go Ph Seq
8)	PH2 Wait
	17/01 – 18:34:23
CAUTION	
If more than 3 seconds elapse before detecting the sequence, the instrument displays the message necessary to repeat the measuring cycle from the <b>F3</b> ( <b>New</b> ) key and starting again from step 1.	phase L1 of the second ge " <mark>Time Out</mark> ". It is beginning, by pressing
6. When a voltage ≥ 100V is detected, the instrument emits a sound signal (buzzer) and the message "Meas" is displayed	Mod Go
Do not press any key and keep the test lead connected to L1 phase cable of the second system	Ph Seq <b>PH2</b>

		17/01 – 18:34:23			
7.	If there is correct conformity between the two phases, to which the test lead has been connected, the message "11-	Mod			Go
	" is displayed. If not, the messages "123" or "132" are displayed.	Ph Seq			
	To start a new measurement, press F4 (Go).	11-			
		17/01 -	- 18:34::	23	

# 

## 5.4. DC CURRENT MEASUREMENT

## CAUTION

 $\wedge$ 

•

- The maximum measurable DC current is 1000A. When the display shows "> 999.9A", it means that the maximum value that the clamp is capable of measuring has been exceeded. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument
- We recommend holding the clamp respecting the safety area created by the hand protection (see Fig. 3)



Fig. 9: DC current measurement

1.	After	positioning	the	selector	switch	to	" <b>A=</b> ",	the	screen	Mod	Har	Fnc	Zro
	ncarb		41.								AC	<42.	5 Hz
											0.	0	A

## **WHT**°

		17/01 – 18:34:23			
2.	Press F1 (Mod) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Har	Fnc	ОК
	screen aside and select the "DC" option with the same key. The F2 (Har) key is not active in this function		AC	<42.	5 Hz
3.	Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into DC current measurement mode				
4.	Press <b>F4</b> ( <b>Zro</b> ) to perform the zero of value at display in order to delete the residual magnetization		C	).0	A
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

5. Connect the cable to the middle of the clamp jaws, in order to get accurate measurements (see Fig. 9). Use the marks as a reference (see Fig. 2)

6.	The screen shows an example of DC current measurement.	Mod	Har	Fnc	Zro
			DC		
			100	).0	A
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

7.	Press F3 (Fnc) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod		Fnc	ОК
	cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:		DC		
	Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of DC current		100	0	λ
	Min: it constantly displays the minimum selected value of DC current		100		A
	RST: (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min, Cr+ and Cr- values and re-start with a new measure	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

> **Esc**: it goes back to a normal measuring mode



# CAUTION

- Always carry out current zeroing before clamping the cable
- The measurement of the 4 Max, Min, Cr+ and Cr- values is simultaneous, regardless of the one displayed.

8.	Pressing F4	( <b>OK</b> ), the	selected	l item is	confirmed	l. Nearby, ar	Mod	Har	Fnc	Zro
	I <b>r</b>			00	- N/- C	<b>т</b> ь.				

# 

an example of measurement with active Max function.	I ne	
display shows the active function.		DC
		26 -

<del>.</del> 9	DC Max 120.0	A
	17/01 – 18:34:23	

9. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4
# 

### 5.5. AC AND AC+DC CURRENT MEASUREMENT

# CAUTION • The maximum measurable AC/AC+DC current is 1000A. When the display shows "> 999.9A", it means that the maximum value that the clamp is capable of measuring has been exceeded. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument • We recommend holding the clamp respecting the safety area created by the hand protection (see Fig. 3) 9 4 WSV ACIDE MAR GEV. *Ж*нт ₩°HT O 0.0 OK NOT OK

Fig. 10: AC and AC + DC current measurement

1. Positioning the selector switch to "A=", the screen nearby will appear.

Mod	Har	Fnc	Zro			
AC	AC <42.5 Hz					
0.0			A			
17/01 – 18:34:23						

# **WHT**°

2.	Press <b>F1</b> ( <b>Mod</b> ) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Har	Fnc	OK
	the same key		AC	<10.	5 Hz
3.	Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into AC current measurement mode				
4.	Press <b>F4</b> ( <b>Zro</b> ) to perform the zero of value at display in order to delete the residual magnetization		- 0	.0	A
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

- 5. Connect the cable to the middle of the clamp jaws, in order to get accurate measurements (see Fig. 10 left part). Use the marks as a reference (see Fig. 2)
- 6. The screen shows an example of AC current measurement. The instrument allows the evaluation of possible DC components overlapped on a generic alternate waveform signal (AC+DC) and this can be very useful for measurements on impulsive signals typically of no-linear loads (e.g.: welders, electric ovens, etc.)
  AC
  50.0 Hz
  100.0 A
  17/01 – 18:34:23

7.	Press <b>F3</b> ( <b>Fnc</b> ) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Har	Fnc	ОК
	cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:		AC		
	<ul> <li>Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of AC + DC current</li> <li>Min: it constantly displays the minimum selected value of AC + DC current</li> </ul>		100	0.0	A

- Cr+: it constantly displays the maximum positive crest 17/01 18:34:23 value
- Cr-: it constantly displays the minimum negative crest value
- RST: (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min, Cr+ and Crvalues and re-start with a new measure
- > Esc: it goes back to a normal measuring mode



- CAUTION
- Always carry out current zeroing before clamping the cable
- The measurement of the 4 Max, Min, Cr+ and Cr- values is simultaneous, regardless of the one displayed.

8.	Pressing F4 (OK), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby an Mo	od Har	Fnc	Zro

an example of measurement with active Max function. The display shows the active function.



# 9. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 5.5.1. Current Harmonics measurement

1.	Press the <b>F2</b> ( <b>Har</b> ) key to select the screen of current barmonics as shown nearby Press again the <b>F2</b> ( <b>PMS</b> ) to get	Mod	Har	Fnc	Zro		
	back to current measurement screen	AC		50.0	Ηz		
			100	0.0	A		
		17/01 -	- 18:34	23			
<ol> <li>Pressing F1 (&lt;</li> <li>over the graph a correspondent current is displated harmonic</li> </ol>	Pressing F1 ( $\triangleleft$ ) or F4 ( $\blacktriangleright$ ) it is possible to move the cursor	•	RMS	Fnc	►		
	correspondent absolute or percentage value of harmonic current is displayed. It is possible to measure up to the 25 <sup>th</sup> harmonic						
		Н01	1	00.0	A C		
		Тhd	I	10.0	) %		
		17/01 – 18:34:23					
3.	Press F3 (Fnc) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	•	RMS	Fnc			
	<ul> <li>screen aside. At each subsequent pressure of key F3, the cursor will scroll through the available items as follows:</li> <li>Max: it constantly displays the maximum RMS value of the selected current harmonic</li> <li>Min: it constantly displays the minimum RMS value of the</li> </ul>						
	selected current harmonic	Н01	1	00.0	A C		
	$\sim$ %: it displays the value of the harmonics as percentage	Thd	I	10.0	) %		
	value with respect to the fundamental	17/01 -	- 18:34	23			
	RSI: (RESEI) it deletes all stored Max, Min values and	j'					

re-start with a new measure ➤ **Esc**: it goes back to a normal measuring mode



Since the menu contains functions with a different meaning (Max-Min and Abs-%), it is necessary to enter the menu twice: once for displaying Abs or % values and second time to enable the Max or Min functions.

Pressing F4 (OK), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby, an 
 RMS Fnc ►
 example of measurement with active Max function. The display shows the active function.



5. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 5.6. DYNAMIC INRUSH CURRENT MEASUREMENT

# CAUTION



- The maximum measurable AC or AC+DC current is 1000A. Do not measure currents exceeding the limits given in this manual. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument.
- We recommend holding the clamp respecting the safety area created by the hand protection (see Fig. 3).
- Currents <2A are zeroed.



Fig. 11: Dynamic Inrush current measurement

<ul> <li>Positioning the selector switch to "A= Dynamic Inrush", the screen nearby will appear</li> </ul>	Mod	Dsp	Lim	Run		
	Dynamic IRC					
				A		
	FIX-	LIM	2 <i>I</i>	A		
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	:23			

2. Press **F1** (**Mod**) to select the inrush current measurement **Mod** Dsp Lim OK

"Inrush 1000A" (for inrush current <1000A) options as shown asideress F4 (OK) to confirm. Select the "Zro" option Dynamic IRC to deleting any possible residual magnetization 3. Press the F4 (OK) key to confirm. The instrument goes into inrush current measurement mode Α FIX-LIM 2 A 17/01 - 18:34:23 4. Press F3 (Lim) for the setting of limit threshold value on -OK inrush current as shown aside 5. Press F2 (◀) or F3 (►) to set the reference threshold for the Thres: saving of event (2A ÷ 90A for "Inrush 100A" and 5A ÷ 900A for "Inrush 1000A") 6. Press F4 (OK) to confirm and return to main screen Α 17/01 - 18:34:23

7. Connect the cable to the middle of the clamp jaws, in order to get accurate measurements (see Fig. 11). Use the marks as a reference (see Fig. 2)

8.	Press F4 (Run) key to start the detection of the inrush	Mod	Par	Lim	Stp
	inrush current event in any time. After the detection of the event (when the measured current is over the limit threshold), <b>the measurement is automatically stopped</b> by the instrument and the maximum RMS value in 100ms is displayed as shown aside	Dyr 100ms	nam: 5	ic I 1	RC 4.3
		A			
		Fix -	- LIM	2A	
		17/01	– 18:34:	23	

9. Press F2 (Dsp) to select the available values, as follows: Mod Dsp Lim Stp

>  $\mathbf{PK}$  → Peak value in 1ms > Max RMS value in 16.7ms

Max RMS value in 20ms
Max RMS value in 50ms

> Max RMS value in **100ms** 

Max RMS value in 150ms
 Max RMS value in 200ms



10. Press the F4 (Sav) key to save the measurement resul	Mod	Par	Lim	Run
up to 20 IRC memory (see § 4.4.6). It is possible to save up to 20 IRC measurements in the memory. Then the message "MEM FULL" is shown in the lower part of the display	Dyr 100ms	nam: S	ic I	RC
				A
	Fix -	- LIM	2A	
	17/01	– 18:34:	23	

11. Press F4 (Run) to start a new measurement or move the selector to exit from the function

### 5.7. DC POWER AND ENERGY MEASUREMENT

## CAUTION



- The maximum DC input voltage is 1500V and the maximum measurable DC current is 1000A. Do not measure voltages and currents exceeding the limits given in this manual. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument
- We recommend holding the clamp respecting the safety area created



Fig. 12: DC power/energy measurement

1.	After po	sitioning	the selector	switch to	o " <b>W≅</b> ", th	e screen	Mod	Par	Fnc	Zro
	aside wi	ll appear.					AC+D	С	<42.5	6 Hz
							_		-	k₩
							-	· <b></b> -	- k'	Vari
							-		-	kVΑ
									1 P	
							17/01 – 18:34:23			
2.	Press F	1 (Mod) t	to open the d	lrop-down	menu sho	wn on the	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК

Press <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ) to confirm. The instrument goes into DC current measurement mode	AC <42.5 Hz
	kW
	<b></b> kVari
	<b></b> kVA
	17/01 – 18:34:23
	screen aside and select the "DC" option with the same key Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into DC current measurement mode

4.	Select the "Zro" option to reset the values on the display by	Mod	Par	Fnc	
deleting the residual magnetization on the DC current. Select the " <b>Online</b> " option to activate the real-time display of the parameters with WiFi connection of the instrument to a PC and TopView software or with connection to mobile devices via the HTAnalysis APP (see § 6.2)	DC				
	PC and TopView software or with connection to mobile devices via the HTAnalysis APP (see § 6.2)		0.	00	k₩
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

- 5. Connect red cable to input lead  $V\Omega^{(1)}$  and black cable to input lead **COM**. Position red lead to "+" and black lead to "-" then connect "+" cable to the clamp jaws, respecting the direction of current indicated by the arrow (see Fig. 12). Connect the cable to the middle of the clamp jaws, in order to get accurate measurements. Use the marks as a reference (see Fig. 2)
- 6. The value of DC power is displayed expressed in kW. Pres Mod Par Fnc OK F2 (Par) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screet aside and select the "Volt/Curr" option for the DC voltage and DC current measurement. Confirm with F4 (OK). The following screen is displayed: 1.60 k₩ 17/01 - 18:34:23

7.	The screen shows an example of DC Voltage and Curren	Мо	Dar	Tim a	
	measurements.	d	Par	FIIC	



8.	Press <b>F2</b> ( <b>Par</b> ) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Par	Fnc	OK
	energy measurement. Confirm with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ). The following screen is displayed		DC		
			1	.60	k₩
		17/01 -	- 18:34	:23	
9.	Press F3 (Fnc), select the "Start Log" option and confirm	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	measurement with set integration period (see § 4.4.3)		DC		
			0.0	000	kWh
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
10	. The "Wait" message is shown on the display. The instrument	Mod	Par	Fnc	

instrument puts itself on hold status and activates the recording at the next "00" instant	DC			
		0.0	00	k₩h
	Wait			
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
				-
11. With recording in progress, the message " <b>Rec</b> " is shown on	Mod	Par	Fnc	
and confirm with the <b>F4 (OK)</b> key to view the registration information. The followed screen is shown on the display	D C	3.2	20	kWh
	17/01 -	- 18:35:	00	
12. The followed parameters are indicated:				Esc
<ul> <li>Set integration period</li> <li>Number of saved period until this moment</li> <li>Recording autonomy</li> </ul>	Star 17/ Int. N.Pe Auto	t: 01- Per riod no: -18:37:	18:35 iod: : 000 00d/1	5:00 005 054 10h

13. Press the F3 (Fnc) key, select the "Stop Log" option and	Mod	Par	Fnc	
confirm with the F4 (OK) key to end the energy measurement The recording is automatically saved in	DC	:		
the internal memory of the instrument and the reference is				
visible in the Memory REC section of the instrument (see	3			
4.4.5)		6.4	ł 0	kWh
	Rec			
	47/04	40.05	00	

# -WHT°

2.40

17/01 - 18:34:23

k₩

14. While measuring DC Power, press F3 (Fnc) to open the	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
drop-down menu shown on the screen aside. At each	1			
subsequent pressure of F3, the cursor will scroll through the		DC		
available items, as follows:				
> Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of the				
measured parameter		0.	40	k₩
> Min: it constantly displays the minimum value of the		•		
measured parameter				
$\succ$ <b>RST</b> : (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min values and	1			
re-start with a new measure	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
> Start Log $\rightarrow$ start a new recording with integration period	3			
set in § 4.4.3				
$>$ Snapshot $\rightarrow$ it allows the saving of an instant sampling				
whose reference is visible in the "Memory REC" section	ו			
of the instrument (see § 4.4.5)				
Download I tailows to perform the WIFI data transfer to DO of equal data via Tap/ioux optimizes at the machine	]			
PC of saved data via topview software of to mobile				
$\sim$ <b>Esc.</b> : it goes back to a normal massuring mode				
ESC. IL GOES DACK TO A NORMAL MEASURING MODE				
15 By pressing <b>E4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ) the selected item is confirmed. Nearby	Mad	Dara	Em cr	
an example of measurement with active Max function. The	, моа	Par	Fnc	
isplay shows the active function				
	Max			

16. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 5.8. AC AND AC+DC POWER AND ENERGY MEASUREMENT

### CAUTION

- The maximum AC/AC+DC input voltage is 1000V and the maximum measurable AC/AC+DC current is 1000A. Do not measure voltages and currents exceeding the limits given in this manual. Exceeding these limits could result in electrical shocks to the user and damage to the instrument
  - We recommend holding the clamp respecting the safety area created by



Fig. 13: AC/AC+DC power measure on Single phase and balanced Three phase systems

1.	After	positioning will appear	the	selector	switch	to	" <b>₩=</b> ",	the	screen	Mod	Par	Fnc	
	asiue									AC+D	С	<42.5	5 Hz
										_	· <b></b> -	-	k₩
										_	· <b></b> -	- k'	Vari
										-		-	k V A
												1 P	
										17/01 -	- 18:34	:23	

2.	Press F1 (Mod) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	measurement) or "AC+DC 3P" (Single phase measurement) or "AC+DC 3P" (balanced Three phase measurement) options with the same key. The "1P" or		AC	<42.	5 Hz
	" <b>3P</b> "symbols are displayed.	_		-	k₩
3.	Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into AC+DC	-		- k'	Vari
	current measurement mode	-	· <b></b> -	-	kVΑ
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
4.	Select the "Zro" option to reset the values on the display by	Mod	Par	Fnc	

deleting the residual magnetization on the DC current.
5. Select the "Online" option to activate the real-time display of AC+D the parameters with WiFi connection of the instrument to a PC and TopView software or with connection to mobile devices via the HTAnalysis APP (see § 6.2)

1			!		
<sup>,</sup> 01	AC+D	С	< 4 2	• 5	Ηz
o a bile	_		_		k₩
,	_		_	kV	ari
	_		-		kVA
			1 P		
	17/01 -	- 18:34	:23		

6. Connect red cable to input lead VΩ···) and black cable to input lead COM then perform the connection as indicated in Fig. 13 depending on the type of system under test. Put the phase cable into the clamp jaws respecting the direction of current indicated by the arrow (see Fig. 13). Connect the cable to the middle of the clamp jaws, in order to get accurate measurements. Use the marks as a reference (see Fig. 2)

7.	The value of AC powers (active , reactive and apparent) is	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	DC components overlapped on a generic alternate waveform signal (AC+DC) and this can be very useful for measurements on impulsive signals typically of no-linear		DC		
	loads (e.g.: welders, electric ovens, etc.) Press <b>F2</b> ( <b>Par</b> ) and select with the same key the " <b>PF-DPF</b> ' option for the power factor (PF) and Cosphi (DPF) measurement. Confirm with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ). The following screen is		1.	60	k₩
	displayed			1 P	
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

8. The screen shows an example of PF and DPF Mod Par Fnc

measurement. The "I" and "c" symbols mean respectivel the inductive or capacitive nature of the load.	AC+DC	50.0 H	z	
	PF	0.94	i	
	DPF	0.94	i	
		1 P		
	17/01 – 18	18:34:23		

9. Press F2	(Par) to open the drop-down menu shown on the Mo	od Par	Fnc	ОК
screen voltage The follo	aside and select the " <b>Volt/Curr</b> " option for the and current measurement. Confirm with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ). wing screen is displayed.	DC		
		1.	60	k₩
		1 P		

10. Nearby, an example of measurement of AC voltage and	Mod	Par	Fnc	
current in a single phase system.		AC	50.	0 Hz
		229	).7	V
		99	.6	A

17/01 – 18:34:23

1 P

11. Press F2 (Par) to open the drop-down menu shown on the Mc	d Par	Fnc	OK

screen aside and select the "Harm voltage" for the reading of AC+DC voltage harmonic value. Confirm with F4 (OK). The following screen is displayed.				
		1.	60	k₩
			1 P	
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
12. Pressing <b>F1</b> ( $\triangleleft$ ) or <b>F4</b> ( $\triangleright$ ), it is possible to move the curso over the graph and select the harmonic to be measured. The		Par	Fnc	►
correspondent absolute or percentage value of harmonic voltage is displayed. It is possible to measure up to the 25 <sup>th</sup> harmonic.	2 C			
	h05		2.3	v
	Thd	V .	2.4	8
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

13. Press F2 (Par) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
of current harmonic value. Confirm with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ). The following screen is displayed.		DC		
		1.	60	k₩
			1 P	
	17/01	– 18:34:	23	
	*			!

14. Pressing **F1** (◀) or **F4** (►) it is possible to move the cursor ◀ Par Fnc ►

# **WHT**°

over the graph and to select the harmonic to be measured. The correspondent absolute or percentage value of harmonic current is displayed. It is possible to measure up to the 25 <sup>th</sup> harmonic				
	h05		2.9	A
	Thd	I	10.7	8
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	:23	
15. Press F3 (Fnc) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen aside. At each subsequent pressure of key F3, the cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows:	•	Par	Fnc	ОК
<ul> <li>Max: it constantly displays the maximum RMS value of the selected voltage or current harmonic</li> <li>Min: it constantly displays the minimum RMS value of the</li> </ul>				
selected voltage or current harmonic	H01	1	00.0	v
<ul> <li>Abs. It displays the absolute value of the harmonics as percentage</li> <li>%: it displays the value of the harmonics as percentage</li> </ul>	Thd	V	10.0	8
value with respect to the fundamental	17/01 -	- 18:34:	:23	
> <b>RST</b> : (RESET) it deletes all stored Max. Min values and				

re-start with a new measure

**Esc**: it goes back to a normal measuring mode

![](_page_54_Picture_5.jpeg)

Since the menu contains functions with a different meaning (Max-Min and Abs-%), it is necessary to enter the menu twice: once for displaying Abs or % values and second time to enable the Max or Min functions.

16. Pressing <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby, an		RMS	Fnc	►
function. The display shows the active function.				
	H01	1	00.0	) A
	Thd	I	10.0	)
	Max			
	17/01 – 18:34:23			
17. Press F2 (Par) to open the drop-down menu shown on the	Mod	Par	Fnc	OK

# -<del>M</del>HT°

	screen aside and select the " <b>Energy</b> " option for the energy measurement. Confirm with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ). The following screen is displayed:		DC		
			1.	60	k₩
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
18.	Press F3 (Fnc), select the "Start Log" option and confirm	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	with <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ) key in order to activate the energy measurement with set integration period (see § 4.4.3)		С	50.0	Ηz
					kWh
				kVa	arih
				kVa	arch
				1 F	)
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
19.	The "Wait" message is shown on the display. The instrument	Mod	Par	Fnc	
	next "00" instant		С		
					kWh
				kVa	arih
				kVa	arch

17/01 – 18:34:23

Wait

20. With recording in progress, the message " <b>Rec</b> " is shown or the display. Press the <b>F3 (Fnc)</b> key to select the " <b>Info</b> " option	Mod	Par	Fnc		
and confirm with the <b>F4 (OK)</b> key to view the registration information. The followed screen is shown on the display	AC+I				
	0	.00-	-	kWh	
	0	.00	kVa	arih	
	0	.00	kVa	arch	
	Rec				
	17/01 – 18:35:00				
		_			
21. The followed parameters are indicated:				Esc	

# -WHT°

17/01 - 18:37:43

<ul> <li>Date/time of start recording</li> <li>Set integration period</li> <li>Number of saved period until this moment</li> <li>Recording autonomy</li> </ul>	Start: 17/01- 18:35:00 Int.Period: 005 N.Period: 00054 Autono: 00d/10h
--	--

22. Press the <b>F3 (Fnc)</b> key, select the " <b>Stop Log</b> " option and confirm with the <b>F4 (OK)</b> key to end the energy	Mod	Par	Fnc
measurement. The recording is automatically saved in the internal memory of the instrument and the reference is	AC+D	С	
4.4.5)	2.	242	kWh
	0. 0.	841 000	kVarih kVarch
	<u>Rec</u> 17/01 -	- 18:35:	1 P 00

23. While measuring P-Q-S power or PF-DPF, press F3 (Fnc) to	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
open the drop-down menu shown on the screen aside. At				
each subsequent pressure of F3, the cursor will scrol		AC	50.	0 Hz
through the available items as follows:				
unough the available items, as follows.	່	1 /	. 7	
Max: it constantly displays the maximum value of the	2	1.4	Ł /	κw
measured narameter		7 6	Q 1- 1	z a m i
$\sim$ Minu it constantly displays the minimum value of the		7.0		vari
<b>win</b> . It constantly displays the minimum value of the	2	2.0	0	<b>Ϸ</b> ៶៸ ៱
measured parameter				K V K
> <b>RST</b> (RESET) it deletes all stored Max. Min values and				
			1 P	
re-start with a new measure				
$\succ$ Start Log $\rightarrow$ start a new recording with integration period	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
set in 8/1/3				
Set III 9 4.4.5				
$\succ$ Snapshot $\rightarrow$ it allows the saving of an instant sampling				
whose reference is visible in the "Memory REC" section				
of the instrument (see $S(A, A, E)$				
or the instrument (see § 4.4.5)				
$\succ$ <b>Download</b> $\rightarrow$ it allows to perform the WiFi data transfer to				
PC of saved data via Ton\/iew software or to mobile				
devices via APP HTAnalysis (see § 6.1)				
Esc: it goes back to a normal measuring mode				

24. Pressing F4 (OK), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby, an Mod Par Fnc Zro

# -**Mht**

80.0 V 20.0 A 1P 17/01 – 18:34:23	an example function. The	ot power display show	measurement ws the active fur	with action.	active	мах	AC Max		50.0	Ηz
20.0 A 1P 17/01 – 18:34:23								80	.0	v
1 P 17/01 – 18:34:23								20	.0	A
17/01 – 18:34:23									1 P	
							17/01 —	18:34:2	3	

25. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 5.9. RESISTANCE AND CONTINUITY TEST MEASUREMENT

![](_page_58_Picture_3.jpeg)

## CAUTION

Before attempting any resistance measurement, remove power from the circuit under test and discharge all capacitors, if present.

![](_page_58_Figure_6.jpeg)

Fig. 14: Resistance measurement

1.	Positioning	the select	or switch to	o"Ω• <b>י))</b> ",	the	screen	aside	Mod	Fnc		
	will appear.										
								>			30.0
								kΩ			
								17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

- 2. Press F1 (Mod) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen aside and select the "Resistance" option with the same key
   3. Press F4 (OK) to confirm. The instrument goes into resistance measurement mode
   30.0
   kΩ
- 4. Connect red cable to the input lead  $V\Omega^{(1)}$  and black cable to the input lead **COM**, then connect the instrument (see Fig. 14 left part)

5.	The screen shows an example of Resistance measurement.	Mod	Fnc		
		Ω		10	0.0
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	
6.	Press <b>F1</b> ( <b>Mod</b> ) to open the drop-down menu shown on the screen aside and select the " <b>Continuity</b> " option with the same key	Mod	Fnc		OK
7.	Press <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ) to confirm. The instrument changes into Continuity test mode and the following screen is displayed. For information on setting of maximum limit on the continuity test, refer to § 4.4.4	>		3	0.0
		KΩ			
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

# 

8.	While measuring Resistance or Continuity, press F2 (Fnc) to	Mod	Fnc		ОК
	each subsequent pressure of <b>F2</b> , the cursor will scroll through the available items, as follows: > Max: it constantly displays the maximum resistance value				
	<ul> <li>Min: it constantly displays the minimum resistance value measured</li> </ul>	kΩ		5	0.0
	RST: (RESET) it deletes all stored Max, Min values and re-start with a new measure	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

**Esc**: it goes back to a normal measuring mode

9.	Pressing <b>F4</b> ( <b>OK</b> ), the selected item is confirmed. Nearby, an	Mod	Fnc		
	display shows the active function.	Max			
				5	0.0
		kΩ			
		17/01 -	- 18:34:23	3	

10. For the use of HOLD and backlight features see § 4.4

### 6. CONNECTION OF INSTRUMENT TO PC AND MOBILE DEVICES

The connection between the PC and the instrument via **WiFi connection** which should be activated during the execution of the operations. Before connecting it is **necessary** that the TopView management software supplied must be installed on the PC and the presence of an active and working WiFi device (e.g: WiFi key) must be checked. The instrument uses WiFi connection in the followed situations:

- Download of the data saved in the REC and IRC Memories (see § 4.4.5 and § 4.4.6) of the instrument (recordings, snapshots and inrush currents) via TopView software
- Real-time reading of the parameters measured via TopView software

### 6.1. DOWNLOAD SAVED DATA

1. Positioning the selector switch to "**\*W**", the screen aside Mod Par Fr will appear

de	Mod	Par	Fnc	
	AC+D	С	<42.5	5 Hz
	_		-	k₩
	_		- k'	Vari
	_		-	kVA
			1 P	
	17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

2.	Press the F3 (Fnc) key, select the "Download" option and	Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	confirm with the F4 (OK) key. the screen aside will appear	AC+D	С	50.0	) Hz
					kWh
				k V a	arih
				kVa	arch
				1 F	)
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

3. The "Wait" message indicates that the instrument is activating the internal WiFi connection. After a few seconds the "Download" message is shown on the display to indicate that the WiFi connection is active on the instrument as indicated in the followed screen

Wait

17/01 – 18:34:23

4. Press the F3 (Esc) key to disable the WiFi	connection and		Esc	
---	----------------	--	-----	--

return to the normal measurement

![](_page_62_Picture_3.jpeg)

5. Search for the "HT9023\_xxxxxxx" instrument in the WiFi device included on the PC and connect it as shown <u>as an example</u> in the following Fig. 15

NETGEAR N640 Wireless USB Adapter WhDA3100v?	genie <sup>-</sup>	Асар	ter Soltware Select Lang Inges	Version: 2.00.1 ¥ juage:	
Herre • Ocer a Herceurk • • Other •	HT902:_19110045 Note Note Security-enabled(WPA3-PSK) RT.Geest HT.Geest Security-enabled(WPA3-PSK) HT.Geest HT.Gees		Connected attl attl attl attl attl attl attl att		
			Orep		
istwort (5: CP-48(8)-7-14)	1235	on #1	6591ps	Spat all	

Fig. 15: WiFi connection of instrument to PC (example)

6. Launch the TopView software, open the "**PC-Instrument connection**" section, run the "Find the instrument" command and check recognition (see Fig. 16)

strument	Activeirustument	Instruments Instr. Connected	Avaisble instruments COMBI 419
	Seriel number 19110345 FWversion		COMBI 4108 COMBI 420 COMBI 420S COMBI 421
-	1 .0	Remove instrum	Find the instrument
AC/DC Fower quality	Portsetings	Commands	
	Witi -	Configure the instrum	ment
	-1 💌	7 Show restament Sta	rus
	Autoset	C Markers manager	
Firmware Upgrad	200 000	C Measures deletion	
etrument lound + H II	9023 * connected to 1	VIPI	In the part of

Fig. 16: Instrument detection inside software TopView

7. Click on the "Next" button to open the download window (see Fig. 17). Check the measurements you want to download, choose the path where you want to save them and click on the "Download" button to start the transfer

80	Tios d Cati	Start	Stop	Common	Trasferito	Nomo file
1 2	New EncpShot	29/01/2020 15:11:00			No	242301201641_1_HT0023_6A
2 8	New Rec	29/01/2020 15:42:00	29/01/2020 10:42:25		No	202001291042_21200120104
3 8	New Pes	29/01/2020 13:55:00	23/01/2020 16:57:00		No	202001291955_28200129165
• 8	Hen Perc	29/01/2020 17:04:00	25/01/2020 17:12:40		Na	202001291704_282001291712
5 8	New Perc	30/01/2020 15:58:00	30/01/2020 16:53:10		NO	202001301955_20200100165
8	NWA FIRE	31/01/2020 13:47:00	31/01/2020 10:47:50		NO	202001311047_20200131104
18	New Hoc	31/01/2020 11:37:00	31/01/2020 11:43:50		No	202001311137.20200011114
8 10	Carrenti di spunte	13/12/2015 13:41:00	13/12/2019 10:41:00		No	201912131041_20191213104
9.2	Converti di spunto	13/12/2015 13:44:00	13/12/2019 10:44:00		No	201912131344_20191213104
10 2	Cararti Sispunta	13/12/2015 13:45:00	13/12/2019 10:45:00		No	201912131345,20191213104
1 2	Consetti di apunto	13/12/3015 13:45:00	13/12/2019 10:45:00		No	201912131345_20191213104

Fig. 17: Selection data for download

- 8. The software allows to save the followed types of files:
  - > HED and PER extension  $\rightarrow$  Viewing parameters of a recording (RECORDING)
  - > **DAT** extension  $\rightarrow$  Viewing parameters of instant snapshots (SAMPLING)
  - $\succ$  **IRC** extension  $\rightarrow$  Graphic viewing of inrush currents (IRC)

# -WHT

9. Open the "Data Analysis" section of TopView → click on the "Import" command to select and open the downloaded files

Active instrument	Active restormen Active restormen Seast number 19110045 FW version		nantselector		
	1.01	Sal	. new instrume	Ransove inst	
FIG	000		Late type		
201012101041_20191210104	2011 H19023 R 43/22/020 16-6	10 C	IRC		
251912151044,20191215104	262_H19023_R 45/02/8020 16 55		IRC		
201912101045 201912101048	203 HT9023 R 03/02/2020 16:55	5	IRC		
201012101040_20101210144	22 31 0805(SC/C) FL_CS0CTH_+98		IRO		
202001291641_1_HT9020_SAM	MPUING HED 03/02/2020 16:54		SAMPUNG		
202001261612_200041291612	L2_H19023_REC 03/02/3020 16 84	2	RECORDING		
202001251666_208001291667	3,H19023,REC 03/02/2020 16:64		RECORDING		
212101251714_2020#1291712	LAUHTROZAUREC (13/02/2000) 16-64	1	RECORDING		
		_	PROFESSION .		
C:\Software_HT\Topview	AEvataVHT9025			Browse	
Hab	In	and the		267 1 1000	

Fig. 18: Open file downloaded to PC

### 6.2. REAL-TIME READINGS

- Position the selector on "♥₩=", select the F4 (OK) key with the F1 (Mod) key and F4 (OK) key the "AC + DC 1P", "AC + DC 3P" or "DC" measurements and press the F4 (OK) key to confirm
- 2. Press F1 (Mod), select the "Online" option and press the F4 (OK) key to confirm

Mod	Par	Fnc	ОК
	AC	<42.	5 Hz
_		-	k₩
_		- kv	Vari
_		-	kVA
17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

3. The "Wait" message indicates that the instrument is activating the internal WiFi connection

Wait

17/01 – 18:34:23

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4.	After a few seconds the " <b>Onl.</b> " message is shown in the lower part of the display to indicate that the WiFi connection is active on the instrument	Mod	Par	Fnc	OK
			AC	<42.	5 Hz
		_		-	k₩
		_		- k	Vari
		_		-	k V A
		Onl.			
		17/01 -	- 18:34:	23	

- 5. Connect the instrument to the system under test as shown in § 5.7 or § 5.8
- 6. Connect the instrument to a PC via WiFi connection and TopView software as shown in § 6.1 and perform the detection
- 7. Open the "**PC-Instrument connection**" section and select the "Instrument on line" option as shown in the following Fig. 19

nahumuni	Instament data	Instuments		
Q	Active instrument HTS023 Serial sumber	Instr. Connected HT9023	Available instru COMBI 419 COMBI 4196 COMBI 4196 COMBI 4196	nents S
	191 10045 PW viesion 1.01		COMBI 4203 COMBI 421	s 1
-		Remove instrum.	Find the in	strument
AC/DC Power quality clamp meter	Portsettings Port Wir • Resist rate	Conmends C Download data C Configure the restrue	mant	
	Autoset	Instrument On Line	1040	
Firmware Upgrad	200	C Markers manager C Measures deletion		
strument found < HT	9C23 > connected to 1	WiFi		
Hein			Back	Next

Fig. 19:Real-time connection of the instrument

8. Click on the "**Next**" button to open the real-time visualization of values in the form of tables, waveforms, harmonics graphs and vector diagram, as shown in the Fig. 20

# **WHT**

![](_page_66_Figure_2.jpeg)

Fig. 20: Real-time visualization of parameters

9. Press the F1 (Mod) key, select the "Esc" option and press the F4 (OK) to confirm the choice in order to exit from the "OnLine" mode. Alternatively, turn the selector to another position

### 6.3. CONNECTION TO MOBILE DEVICES

The instrument can be connected via WiFi to Android/iOS smartphone and/or tablet devices for the transfer of measurement data via **HTAnalysis** APP. Operate as follows:

- 1. Download and install the HTAnalysis on the desired mobile device (Android/iOS)
- 2. Put the instrument in data transfer mode via WiFi (see § 6.1 and § 6.2)
- 3. Refer to the HTAnalysis instructions for managing the operation

### 7. MAINTENANCE

### 7.1. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. The instrument you purchased is a precision instrument. While using and storing the instrument, carefully observe the recommendations listed in this manual in order to prevent possible damage or danger during use.
- 2. Do not use the instrument in environments with high humidity levels or high temperatures. Do not expose to direct sunlight.
- 3. Always switch off the instrument after use. In case the instrument is not to be used for a long time, remove the batteries to avoid acid leaks that could damage the instrument's internal circuits.

### 7.2. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

![](_page_67_Picture_8.jpeg)

# CAUTION

Only expert and trained technicians should perform this operation. Before carrying out this operation, make sure you have removed all cables from input leads or the cable under test from clamp jaws.

- 1. Turn the switch on **OFF** position.
- 2. Disconnect the cables from the inputs and the cable under test from the clamp jaws.
- 3. Loosen the screws from battery cover and remove it.
- 4. Remove the flat batteries from the battery compartment.
- 5. Insert two new batteries of the same type (see § 8.1.2). Pay attention to the correct polarity.
- 6. Place the battery cover over the compartment and fasten it with the relevant screws.
- 7. Do not waste old batteries into the environment. Use the relevant containers for disposal.

### 7.3. CLEANING THE INSTRUMENT

Use a soft and dry cloth to clean the instrument. Never use wet cloths, solvents, water, etc.

### 7.4. END OF LIFE

![](_page_67_Picture_21.jpeg)

**CAUTION**: the symbol on the instrument indicates that the appliance and its accessories must be collected separately and correctly disposed of.

## 8. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### 8.1. TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Accuracy indicated as  $\pm$ [%rdg + (num digit \* resolution)] referred to 23°C  $\pm$  5°C, < 80%RH

#### **DC Voltage**

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy	Overload
-1500.0 ÷ 1500.0	0.1	±(1.0%rdg+3dgt)	1500VDC

Input impedance:  $1M\Omega$ ; Absolute voltage values <0.3V are zeroed

#### AC, AC+DC TRMS Voltage

Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy	<b>Overload protection</b>
0.1 ÷ 999.9V	0.1	±(1.0%rdg+3dgt)	1000VDC/ACrms

Input impedance: 1M $\Omega$ ; Fundamental: 50/60Hz ± 15%, Bandwidth: 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz

Max. Crest Factor: 3 for voltage ≤470Vrms, 1.41 for voltage >470Vrms

Voltage RMS values <1V and values with frequency external range 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz are zeroed

#### DC Voltage: MAX/MIN/CREST (+/-)

Function	Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy	Response time
MAX,MIN	1500.0 . 1500.0	0.1	(2.5% rda+5dat)	200ms
CREST	-1300.0 ÷ 1300.0	0.1	±(3.3 %iug+3ugt)	1ms

Input impedance:  $1M\Omega$ ; Absolute voltage values <0.3V are zeroed

#### AC, AC+DC TRMS Voltage: MAX/MIN/CREST

Function	Range [V]	Resolution [V]	Accuracy	Response time
MAX,MIN	1.0 ÷ 999.9	0.1	$(2 E^{0}/rdc + Edct)$	200ms
CREST	-1500.V ÷ 1500.0	0.1	±(3.3 %iug+3ugi)	1ms

Input impedance: 1MΩ; Fundamental: 50/60Hz ± 15%, Bandwidth: 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz

Max. Crest Factor: 3 for voltage ≤470Vrms, 1.41 for voltage >470Vrms

MAX/MIN values <1V, CREST values < 1.4 and MAX/MIN/CREST values with frequency external range 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz are zeroed

#### DC Current

Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy	Overload protection
0.1 ÷ 999.9A	0.1A	±(2.0%rdg+5dgt)	1000ADC/ACrms

#### AC, AC+DC TRMS Current

Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy	Overload protection
1.0 ÷ 999.9A	0.1A	±(1.0%rdg+5dgt)	1000ADC/ACrms

Fundamental: 50/60Hz ± 15%, Bandwidth: 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz

Max. Crest Factor: 3 for current ≤515Arms, 1.41 for current >515A

Current RMS values <1A and values with frequency external range 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz are zeroed

#### AC, AC+DC TRMS Current: MAX/MIN

Function	Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy	Response time
MAX, MAX	1.0 ÷ 999.9A	0.1A	$\pm$ (3.5%rdg+5dgt)	1s

Fundamental: 50/60Hz ± 15%, Bandwidth: 42.5Hz ÷ 1725Hz

Max. Crest Factor: 3 for current ≤515Arms, 1.41 for current >515A

MAX/MIN values <1A and MAX/MIN values with frequency external range 42.5Hz  $\div$  1725Hz are zeroed

#### **Resistance and Continuity test**

Range [ $\Omega$ ]	Resolution [ $\Omega$ ]	Accuracy	Overload protection
0.0Ω ÷ 199.9Ω	0.1Ω		
200Ω ÷ 1999Ω	1Ω	±(2.0%rdg+5dgt)	1000VDC/ACrms
2.00kΩ ÷ 19.99kΩ	0.01kΩ		
20.0kΩ ÷ 29.9kΩ	0.1kΩ		

Buzzer ON if R  $\leq$  RLIM, RLIM range: 1  $\div$  150 $\Omega$ 

#### Frequency (with test leads/ with jaws)

Range [Hz]	Resolution [Hz]	Accuracy	<b>Overload protection</b>
42.5 ÷ 69.0Hz	0.1Hz	±(1.0%rdg+5dgt)	1500VDC 1000ADC/ACrms

Voltage range for frequency measure: 0.5 + 1000V / Current range for frequency measure with jaws: 1 + 1000A

#### Phase sequence and phase conformity

Range [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Overload protection
100 ÷ 1000	45 ÷ 66	1000VDC/ACrms

Input impedance: 1.3MΩ

#### Inrush current (DC, AC+DC TRMS)

Range [A]	Resolution [A]	Accuracy (*)	Overload protection
1.0 ÷ 99.9A	0.1A	(2.0% rdg + Edgt)	1000ADC/ACrmo
10 ÷ 999A	1A	$\pm (2.0\%100 \pm 5001)$	TUUUADC/ACIIIIS

(\*) Accuracy declared for frequency: DC, (50 $\pm$  0.5)Hz, (60 $\pm$  0.5)Hz

Crest factor: 3, Sample frequency: 4kHz, Response time: Peak: 1ms, Max RMS : calculated on: 16.7, 20, 50, 100, 150, 200ms **DC Power** 

Range	[kW]	Resolution [kW]	Accuracy (*)
0.00 ÷	99.99	0.01	(2.0%rda   2dat)
100.0 ÷	999.9	0.1	±(3.0%//dg+3dgt)

(\*) Accuracy referred for Voltage > 10V, Current ≥ 2A

#### Active, Apparent Power AC, AC+DC TRMS

Range [kW], [kVA]	Resolution [kW], [kVA]	Accuracy (*)
0.001 ÷ 9.999 (**)	0.001	
10.00 ÷ 99.99	0.01	±(3.0%rdg+10dgt)
100.0 ÷ 999.9	0.1	

(\*) Accuracy referred for sinusoidal waveform, 42.5..69Hz, Voltage > 10V, Current ≥ 10A, Pf ≥ 0.5

(\*\*) For Current <10A add ±7%rdg to the accuracy

#### Reactive Power AC (AC + DC TRMS)

Range [kVAR]	Resolution [kVAR]	Accuracy (*)
0.001 ÷ 9.999 (**)	0.001	
10.00 ÷ 99.99	0.01	±(3.0%rdg+10dgt)
100.0 ÷ 999.9	0.1	-

(\*) Accuracy referred for sinusoidal waveform, 42.5..69Hz, Voltage > 10V, Current  $\ge$  10A, Pf  $\le$  0.9 (\*\*) For Current <10A add ±4%rdg to the accuracy

#### Active Energy AC (AC + DC TRMS)

Range [kWh]	Resolution [kWh]	Accuracy (*)
0.001 ÷ 9.999 (**)	0.001	
10.00 ÷ 99.99	0.01	±(3.0%rdg+10dgt)
100.0 ÷ 999.9	0.1	-

(\*) Accuracy referred for sinusoidal waveform, 42.5..69Hz, Voltage > 10V, Current ≥ 10A, Pf ≥ 0.5

(\*\*) For Current <10A add ±7%rdg to the accuracy

#### Reactive Energy AC (AC + DC TRMS)

Range [kVARh]	Resolution [kVARh]	Accuracy (*)
0.001 ÷ 9.999 (**)	0.001	
10.00 ÷ 99.99	0.01	±(3.0%rdg+10dgt)
100.0 ÷ 999.9	0.1	-

(\*) Accuracy referred for sinusoidal waveform, 42.5..69Hz, Voltage > 10V, Current ≥ 10A, Pf ≤ 0.9

(\*\*) For Current <10A add ±4%rdg to the accuracy

#### Power factor/cosphi

Range	Resolution	Accuracy (*)
0.20i ÷ 1.00 ÷ 0.20c	0.01	±(2.0%rdg+2dgt)

Input impedance: 1MΩ, Accuracy referred for sinusoidal waveform, 42.5..69Hz, Voltage > 10V, Current ≥ 2A

#### **Voltage and Current Harmonics**

Fund. Frequency [Hz]	Harmonic order	Resolution	Accuracy (* no zeroed
42.5 ÷ 69	0 (DC)	0.1V / 0.1A	±(10.0%rdg+5dgt)
	1 ÷ 25		±(5.0%rdg+5dgt)
	THD%	0.1%	±(10.0%rdg+5dgt)

(\*) Voltage harmonics are zeroed in the below conditions:
1st harmonic: if value < 1.0V; DC, 2nd to 25th harmonics: if harmonic value <0.5% of fundamental value or if value <1.0V</li>

(\*) Current harmonics are zeroed in the below conditions:
1st harmonic: if value <1.0A; DC, 2nd to 25th harmonics: if harmonic value <0.5% of fundamental value or if value <1.0A</li>

#### 8.1.1. Reference guidelines

Safety:	IEC/EN61010-1, IEC/EN61010-2-032
EMC	IEC/EN61326-1
Technical documentation:	IEC/EN61187
Safety of measuring accessories:	IEC/EN61010-31
Insulation:	double insulation
Pollution level:	2
Measurement category:	CAT IV 600V/CAT III 1000V to ground

### 8.1.2. General characteristics

Mechanical characteristics	
Dimensions (L x W x H):	252 x 88 x 44mm (9 x 3 x 2 in)
Weight (batteries included):	approx 420g (15 ounces)
Jaw opening / Max cable size:	45mm (1.8 in)
Mechanical protection:	IP20
Output interface	
Type of connection:	WiFi

### Power supply

# **M**HT

Battery type: Battery life:	2 batteries x 1.5V LR 03 AAA approx. 40 hours of use in "W=" position
Auto power OFF:	after 5 min of idleness (disabled)
<b>Memory</b> Memory capacity:	2MB
<b>Recordings</b> Inrush current snapshots saving: Log + Snapshot saving: Sampling rate: Aggregation time (IP): Max Rec autonomy (hours)	max 20 (each with max 10 events) max 99 files 128 sample/period (basic sample) 1s, 5s, 10s, 30s, 60s, 120s, 300s, 600s, 900s ~2.1 x PI. e.g: PI=60s →~126hours ~ 5days
<b>Display</b> Characteristics: Updating frequency:	graphic display 128x128 pixels 1time/s

### 8.2. ENVIRONMENT

### 8.2.1. Environmental conditions for use

Reference calibration temperature:	23°C ± 5°C (73 ± 41°F)
Operating temperature:	0°C ÷ 40°C (32 ÷ 104°F)
Allowable relative humidity:	<80%RH
Storage temperature:	-10°C ÷ 60°C (14 ÷ 140°F)
Storage humidity:	<70%RH
Max height of use:	2000m (6562ft)

### This instrument satisfies the requirements of Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (LVD) and of EMC Directive 2014/30/EU This instrument satisfies the requirements of 2011/65/EU (RoHS) directive and 2012/19/EU (WEEE) directive

### 8.3. ACCESSORIES

### 8.3.1. Accessories provided

- Pair of test leads
- Pair of alligator clips
- Carrying bag
- Batteries
## -WHT°

- TOPVIEWS: PC Windows software
- ISO9000 calibration certificate
- User manual on CD-ROM
- Quick reference guide

## 9. SERVICE

## 9.1. WARRANTY CONDITIONS

This equipment is guaranteed against material faults or production defects, in accordance with the general sales conditions. During the warranty period (one year), faulty parts may be replaced. The manufacturer reserves the right to decide either to repair or replace the product. In case of returning of the instrument, all transport charges must be paid by the customer. The instrument must be accompanied by a delivery note indicating the faults or reasons of returning. The returned tester must be packed in its original box. Any damage occurred in transit because of lack of original packaging will be debited to the customer. The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage against persons or things. Accessories and batteries are not covered by warranty.

The warranty won't be applied to the following cases:

- Faults due to improper use of the equipment
- Faults due to combination of the tester with incompatible equipment.
- Faults due to improper packaging.
- Faults due to servicing carried out by a person not authorized by the company.
- Faults due to modifications made without explicit authorisation of our technical department.
- Faults due to adaptation to a particular application not provided for by the definition of the equipment or by the instruction manual.

The contents of this manual cannot be reproduced in any form without our authorization.

# Our products are patented. Our logotypes are registered. We reserve the right to modify characteristics and prices further to technological developments.

## 9.2. SERVICE

If the instrument does not operate properly, please check the conditions of batteries and cables before contacting the After-sales Service and replace them, if necessary. Should the instrument still operate improperly, check that the product is operated according to the instructions given in this manual. Should the instrument be returned to the After-sales Service or to a Dealer, transport will be at the Customer's charge. However, shipment sahll be agreed in advance. A report shall always be enclosed to a shipment, stating the reasons for the product's return. Use exclusively original packaging for shipment; any damage due to the use of non-original packaging material will be charged to the Customer.

(1)

## **10. APPENDIX – THEORETICAL OUTLINE**

#### 10.1. VOLTAGE AND CURRENT HARMONICS

Any periodic non-sinusoidal wave may be represented by a sum of sinusoidal waves, each with a frequency which is a whole multiple of the fundamental, according to the relationship:

$$v(t) = V_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} V_k sin(\omega_k t + \varphi_k)$$

where:

 $V_0$  = Average value of v(t)

 $V_1$  = Amplitude of the fundamental of v(t)

 $V_k$  = Amplitude of the k-nth harmonic of v(t)



Effect of the sum of 2 multiple frequencies.

For network voltage, the fundamental has a frequency of 50 Hz, the second harmonic has a frequency of 100 Hz, the third harmonic has a frequency of 150 Hz and so on. Harmonic distortion is a continuous problem and must not be confused with short-duration phenomena such as peaks, drops or fluctuations. It can be seen from (1) that each signal consists of the sum of infinite harmonics. However, an order number exists beyond which the value of the harmonics may be considered as negligible.

A fundamental index to detect the presence of harmonics is the THD defined as:

$$THDv = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=2}^{40} V_h^2}}{V_1}$$

This index takes into consideration the presence of all harmonics, and the more distorted is the waveform, the higher is the index.

## Limit values for harmonics

Standard EN50160 prescribes the limits for the Voltage Harmonics that Energy Provider may introduce into the network.

Under normal operating conditions, at any time in a week, 95% of the efficient values of each harmonic voltage, averaged to 10 minutes, must be lower than or equal to the values indicated in the following Table

The total harmonic distortion (THD%) of supply voltage must be lower than or equal to 8%.

Odd Harmonics				Even Harmonics	
Not multiple of 3		Multiple of 3		Ordenk	Relative
Order h	Relative Voltage %Max	Order h	Relative Voltage %Max	Order n	%Max
5	6	3	5	2	2
7	5	9	1,5	4	1
11	3,5	15	0,5	624	0,5
13	3	21	0,5		
17	2				
19	1,5				
23	1,5				
25	1,5				

These limits, which theoretically apply only to Electric Power Suppliers, provide anyway a series of reference values within which even the harmonics put into network by users should be kept.

## Causes FOR the presence of harmonics

- Any appliance altering the sinusoidal wave or simply using a part of such wave causes distortions to the sinusoid, and hence harmonics
- All current signals are therefore someway virtually distorted. The most common distortion is the harmonic distortion caused by non-linear loads such as household appliances, personal computers or motor speed adjusters. Harmonic distortion generates significant currents at frequencies which are whole multiples of network voltage. <u>Harmonic currents have a remarkable effect on neutral conductors of electrical systems</u>.
- In most countries, the network voltage used is three-phase 50/60Hz, supplied by a transformer with triangle-connected primary circuit and star-connected secondary circuit. The secondary circuit generally generates 230V AC between phase and neutral and 400V AC between phase and phase. Balancing loads for each phase has always been a problem for electrical system designers.
- Approximately ten years ago, in a global balanced system, the vector sum of the currents in the neutral was zero or anyway quite low (in view of difficulty to get a perfect balance). Connected devices were incandescent lights, small motors and other devices that presented linear loads. The result was an essentially sinusoidal current in each phase and a low current on the neutral at a frequency of 50/60Hz.

- "Modern" devices such as TV sets, fluorescent lights, video machines and microwave ovens normally draw current for only a fraction of each cycle, thus causing non-linear loads and, consequently, non-linear currents. All this generates odd harmonics of the 50/60Hz line frequency. For this reason, nowadays the current in the transformers of the distribution boxes contains not only a 50Hz (or 60Hz) component, but also a 150Hz (or 180Hz) component, a 250Hz (or 300Hz) component and other significant harmonic components up to 750Hz (or 900Hz) and above.
- The vector sum of the currents in a global balanced system that feeds non-linear loads may still be quite low. However, the sum does not eliminate all harmonic currents. The odd multiples of the third harmonic (called "TRIPLENS") are added together in the neutral conductor and can cause overheating even with balanced loads.

#### Consequence resulting from presence of harmonics

Generally, harmonics of even, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> etc. order do not create problems. Designers must consider the following points when designing a power distribution system containing harmonic currents:

Installation parts	Effects traceable to Harmonics			
Fuses	Non-uniform heating of internal fuse element and consequent overheating which can also lead to an explosion of the fuse casing.			
Cables	Increase in "body" effect; this means that, for cables with many wires, the internal wires have higher impedance than the external wires. As a consequence, current, which normally distributes along the external surface of the wire, produces: - over-heating of the conductor; - a premature degrading of the cable's insulation; - an increase in line voltage drop.			
Neutral conductor	Triple harmonics, odd multiple of three, sum on neutral (instead of nullifying themselves), thus generating a potentially dangerous overheating of the conductor.			
Transformers	Increase in copper loss due to a higher TRMS value of the current that circulates on internal circuits, and also due to the "body" effect on protected wires. Increase of iron loss due to hysteresis cycle distortion and due to the generation of leakage currents on the magnetic core. Heating of insulation material due to a possible DC component that can generate saturation of the magnetic core column.			
Motors	Increase of loss due to overheating of internal circuits and possible damage of insulation material. The 5 <sup>th</sup> and 11 <sup>th</sup> harmonic components generate some abnormal electromagnetic coupling that can increase motor speed.			
Re-phasing capacitors	Increase in "parallel resonance" present inside a circuit, due to inductive loads and re-phasing capacitors, when at least one of the harmonics has the same frequency as the resonance phenomenon. Effects of this event can be very dangerous, with explosion of used re-phasing capacitors.			
RCD devices	Possible saturation of current sensing toroidal transducers resulting in malfunction, both in terms of untimely tripping and increase of the tripping threshold.			
Energy disk counters	Increased rotation speed of a disk resulting in measurement errors (especially in case of low power factor loads).			
Power controls switch	Reduction of electric duration of contact surfaces.			
UPS	Reduced power generation from UPS.			
Electronics devices	Internal damage of electronic components not protected by suitable devices.			